

# Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 25.

VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1897.

NO 126.

## Rings

Some beautiful new Rings just completed.  
DIAMOND SOLITAIRE. DIAMONDS and SAPPHIRES,  
and RUBY CLUSTERS. RUBIES.  
And because we have all these fine quality goods from \$25 to \$500 and upwards,  
do not think but what we can supply you with good rings at all prices. We keep  
a very complete stock of good Gold Rings set with genuine stones at prices rang-  
ing from \$2 to \$50. See our goods. Everything guaranteed.  
Challoner, Mitchell & Co. JEWELLERS,  
47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## The Westside.

BUSINESS WEEK COMMENCING 26th.

Never weary. Always awake to business. We're  
on time—plodding to find the way to make buying  
easy and profitable for our clients. See how we do it:

For a Few Days.

Super French Kid Gloves, fancy backs, any color, good value at \$1.25.  
Another fine line Lacing Kid Gloves, at 75c. (our price \$1.)  
A few Lace Collars, Boleros, etc., just half price marked.  
Rem'd Initial Handkerchiefs at 50c per dozen; choose your letters.  
Summer Mulling, Brilliantes, Checks and Stripes; close out at 10c.  
100 pairs Children's Black Ribbed Hose at 10c pair.  
Mixed Color Checked Towels, 40 inch, 35c, at 15c.  
Double-fold Black Broche Lusters, at 25c.

Like our last announcement, these items appear for the last  
time.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

The Westside

## Attracting a Crowd.



KLONDYKE IS NOWHERE.

We are the attraction legitimate. We  
can PAN OUT more ounces to THE NET  
than any other more economy for the  
week. No thawing out the GRAVEL, for  
we GROUND SLICES to BEDROCK and  
leave the big bright NUGGETS of bargain  
for you to SHOVEL into the DUMP BOX  
of home comforts.  
Something new and nice, CONSUMM in  
genuine elegance. A fresh lot of Christie,  
Brown & Co's Cakes and Robertson's  
Chocolate Creams.

Christie's Sodas, 30c. a tin.  
Asparagus Tips, 25c.  
Maple Syrup, Our Own, 35c.  
Sonoma Claret, 25c. bottle.  
Sonoma Claret, \$1.25 gallon.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

## WEILER BROS.,

31 TO 33 FORT STREET VICTORIA, B.C.



All kinds of Enamel Cups, Saucers, Plates, Mugs, &c.  
All kinds of Indestructible Cooking Utensils.  
All kinds of Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c.

AT WEILER BROS.

Our prices are right. You will pay big prices at Dawson City.  
These goods do not weigh much.

## STEARNS BICYCLES

BELOW COST

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS

We will sell per stock of NEW BICYCLES BELOW  
COST PRICE FOR CASH, to clear. Now is your  
chance to get a good Bicycle cheap. We have also a  
number of SECOND-HAND BICYCLES which we  
will sell at very low price.

MEN'S, LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND TANDEM.

JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.,

CORNER JOHNSON AND GOVERNMENT STS.

Agents for Stearns, Victo, Remington and Waverley Bicycles.

Is as Democratic as a Town Pump.  
It is the Rich Man's Luxury, the Poor Man's Friend.

## TAMILKANDE

Lead Packets Only.

REVER IN BUCK.

ALL GROCERS.

TAMILKANDE TEA CO., Mon. real.

TEA

BLUE LABEL 60c.  
WHITE " 50c.  
RED " 40c.

SIMON LEISER & CO., Agts, Victoria.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE KLONDYKE—\$0 per year will  
insure prospectors in case of death by  
accident. Beaumont - Boggs, Agent  
Manufacturers' Accident, 28 Broad  
street. j27-1w

KLONDYKE STOVES at Perry's sheet  
metal works. We make a miner's stove  
and oven complete that folds up for pack-  
ing. Size of stove, 30x15x15 inches. Size  
of oven, 10x11x10 inches. When folded  
for packing, including case, 32x15x8 in.  
j29-6t

WANTED—A stout boy of about 17 years  
of age. Apply to Esquimaux Marine Rail-  
way. j29-2t

IT REQUIRES A MAN to wash gold at  
the Klondyke, but a child can wash  
clothes with one of our \$5 washing ma-  
chines. Cheap, durable, efficient. Moore  
& Whittington, corner Pandora and  
Douglas streets. j29-1w

CALL AT KLONDYKE SALOON, John  
Drum, Proprietor, for cocktail and nice  
cool glass beer. j28-2t

WANTED—A five or six roomed furnished  
house, in good locality, suitable for gen-  
tleman and wife, no children. Apply  
F. Nickerson, 2016 Broad street. j29-2t

FOR SALE—Good driving or saddle horse,  
\$50. Inquire at Barlow's stables, Fort  
street. j29-1w

WANTED—A girl to help with light house-  
work. Inquire in the forenoon or after 5  
p.m. at 28 Kingston street. j29-4t

FOR THE KLONDYKE—\$12 per year will  
insure prospectors for \$1,000 in case of  
death by accident and for injuries in pro-  
portion to seriousness. Beaumont Boggs,  
Agent Manufacturers' Accident, 28 Broad  
street. j27-1w

RELIABLE FISHING TACKLE and am-  
munition, suitable for miners going into  
the Yukon, to be had from Henry Short  
& Sons, 72 Douglas St. j29-1w

FOR SALE—Farm near Cowichan Station;  
100 acres; house and three sheds; cost  
\$1,000; will be sold for \$400. A. W.  
MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

WANTED—An energetic canvasser or sub-  
agent for a fire insurance company. A. W.  
MORE & CO., 86 Government street.

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER shipment of  
Wright & Dutton's Tennis goods, at J.  
Barnesley & Co., 119 Government St.  
Have you seen the fisherman's sun hat?

\$3.00—No. 1 double screened household coal,  
per ton of 2,000 pounds, delivered to any  
part of the city. Hall, Gosnell & Co., 100  
Government street. Telephone call No. 85.

TO BUILDERS—Doors and sashes at bed-  
rock prices. J. W. Mellor, Fort St. j29-4t

### NOTICE

All persons owning lots in NELSON  
CITY, Kootenay, are requested to meet at  
the Company's office, over the Bank of  
British Columbia (2nd floor), on Wednes-  
day, the 4th August, at 8 p.m. Business  
important. j29-4d

### NOTICE

To whom it may concern. Notice is  
hereby given that during my absence from  
Victoria, my wife, Mary Ann Gillespie,  
holds my general power of attorney and is  
fully authorized to transact all business in  
my name.  
Dated this 28th day of July, 1897.  
j29-3t WILLIAM GILLESPIE.

## The Proposed Victoria Syndicate

—FOR—

## THE YUKON.

Mr. H. L. Hubert, of the firm of Hubert  
& Co., is leaving for the Yukon  
Country by the steamship Danube, which  
leaves Victoria on the 1st of August.  
He is prepared to form a Syndicate of  
residents of Victoria with a view to pur-  
chasing Claims in the Klondyke District.  
The capital of the proposed Syndicate is  
\$30,000, of which \$25,000 is now offered  
to the public in 250 shares of \$100 each.  
Applications for shares, fully paid, should  
be made at the Victoria Metallurgical  
Works, or J. L. C. Barf & Co., j29-4t  
Victoria: not later than 12 o'clock noon on  
Saturday next, the 31st instant.  
Mr. Hubert can be seen at any time by  
appointment, and also between the hours  
of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., at the office of the  
Victoria Metallurgical Works, 43 Fort  
street.

A. SHERET  
PLUMBER,

Gas and Hot Water Fitter

102 Fort Street, near Barclay Street.

### CANADIANS ONLY

Americans Are Debarred from Obtain-  
ing Contracts on Crow's Nest  
Pass Railway.

Every Precaution Taken To Protect  
Canadian Labor—New Tariff  
and Indian Corn.

Ottawa, July 29.—There have been  
reports in some newspapers that the un-  
derstanding between the government and  
the C. P. R. with regard to the Crow's  
Nest Pass Railway and alien labor was  
not being carried out, and that the first  
of the contracts had been let to Foley  
Bros., an American firm in St. Paul, to  
build 25 out of the 50 miles. It can be  
stated on authority that there have been  
no contracts given to any but Cana-  
dians. The contracts have been given  
to the following: Stravel, of Winnipeg;  
Doherty, of Coburg; McCrimmon, of  
Calgary; and McArthur, of Winnipeg.  
The Foley Bros. have no contract. Am-  
erican contractors have been informed  
that no one but Canadian contractors  
can have their tenders considered.  
Changes will be inserted in all sub-con-  
tractors taking power on the part of the  
company to cancel the same if there is  
any violation of the rule against the  
employment of alien labor.

The new tariff imposes a duty of 74  
cents per bushel on Indian corn imported  
for the purpose of distillation, subject to  
regulations to be approved by the gov-  
ernment. These regulations have  
now been approved, and the customs de-  
partment will shortly issue a circular  
containing it. They provide that Indian  
corn not the product of Canada shall be  
subject to a duty when received at any  
port that all Indian corn received at  
any such distillery is the produce of  
Canada, or has paid customs duty, shall  
lie upon the licensee of the distillery. The  
licensee shall make a sworn return at the  
end of each month.

J. B. Charlson, supervisor of labor in  
the public works department, sends 200  
men west on Saturday for the C.P.R.;  
100 went yesterday and he is engaging  
500 more.

Edward Farrer has been engaged to  
prepare a report of the commissioners  
appointed to investigate into the man-  
agement of the St. Vincent de Paul  
penitentiary.

Sir Louis H. Davies has finished his  
argument in favor of the Canadian gov-  
ernment's contention in respect to the  
Belgian and German treaties matter be-  
fore the law officers of the crown. He  
took the ground that these cases should  
not stand in the way of Canada's ac-  
cepting preferential treatment to Great  
Britain. The decision of the law of-  
ficers has been reserved.

### MORE MINES CLOSE.

Progress of the Great Coal Miners' Strike.

Columbus, O., July 28.—Fred Dillech,  
of the national executive committee,  
wired the national headquarters of the  
miners' union that Sugar Creek, McDu-  
ald, Turkey Knob and Dunlop mines  
have closed by vote of the miners at a  
mass meeting in the New River district.  
Fairmont, W. Va., July 28.—A Polish  
woman armed with stones and sticks  
kept several men from going to work at  
Monongah to-day. Colonel R. A. Flick-  
inger said to-day if men at his mines  
were not at work by Friday noon some  
men would be brought in.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 28.—Among  
the local labor leaders there is a gen-  
eral disappointment that the conference  
held here did not take more radical  
measures than to merely offer their anti-  
mental sympathy with no financial aid  
to the strikers. It is believed this week  
there will be such an army of organiza-  
tion and agitators in West Virginia that  
the miners who have thus far refused to  
step work will be compelled to do so  
from sheer force of numbers. Against  
this it is understood that the con-  
ference made secret provisions for con-  
ducting the fight on lines much more  
emphatic than is apparent in the man-  
ifesto given to the papers. It is believed  
that a surprise will be spring in a few  
days.

### A WISE MOVE.

Upperite Barnacles Cut Away in Rim-  
ouski.

Montreal, July 28.—There has been a  
complete clearing out of Conservative  
officials in the town of Rimouski, the  
health officer, the collector of customs,  
the preventive officer, the postmaster,  
and the government inspector of works  
all being dismissed. All of the dismiss-  
ed officials took an active part in politics.

### THE RUSH INCREASES

Thousands of Feet Are Turned To-  
ward the Land of Gold  
and Cold.

Not Enough Steamers Sail—Telegraph  
Line To Be Built Within  
Six Weeks.

Chicago, July 28.—At the railroad and  
steamship offices the same eagerness for  
information about the passage to the  
Klondyke gold fields was shown that  
characterized the rush of inquirers a  
week ago. There is no abatement of  
interest in anything pertaining directly  
or indirectly to the new El Dorado. Not  
less than an average of 1,000 persons a  
day have called at the office of the North  
American Transportation Company, T.  
Cook & Son, the Northern Pacific and  
Great Northern railways. The number  
of earnest inquirers to-day exceeded  
those of yesterday.

At Cook & Son's agency the  
quota of the expedition under  
the management of William Chase was  
filled at an early hour and negotiations  
were immediately begun by wire for a  
second steamship from San Francisco to  
St. Michaels. Meantime 60 men who  
could not get berths on the first steamer  
are waiting for the result of the negotia-  
tions. Some of them in their anxiety to  
reach Klondyke offered to sleep on the  
cabin floor and be satisfied with the  
poorest that could be offered them in the  
way of accommodations. The best that  
could be done was to put their applica-  
tions on file.

At the North American Company's of-  
fice the same story of crowds in the  
office from morning till night was re-  
peated. While the northern transcon-  
tental lines book gold seekers from Puget  
Sound to St. Michaels by the steamer  
Portland, sailing September 1st, they  
work principally for the steamships ply-  
ing between Puget Sound, Juneau and  
Dyea. About 150 men have been book-  
ed by the Juneau route.

When the mining party booked at  
Thomas Cook & Sons leave Chicago at  
least two women will go along. The  
first is Mrs. William Chase, the wife  
of the manager of the expedition, and  
she will undertake the arduous trip for  
the sake of love. The desire for gold  
and a generous fortune will induce the  
other woman, Catherine Vromley, to do  
 likewise. Both declare themselves quite  
eager for the journey and the novel ex-  
periences attending it.

Other women who are soon to leave  
Chicago for Alaska are Miss Pauline  
Kellogg, of West Congress street, and  
Mrs. C. W. Romney, of Windsor Park.  
Seven other women will, it is said, ac-  
company the Chase party, but their  
names could not be learned, and as they  
have not yet purchased tickets their de-  
parture is not certain.

### TELEGRAPH LINE ASSURED.

San Francisco, July 28.—The Klondyke  
is promised close communication  
with the rest of the world in a short  
time. At least a telegraph company  
has been incorporated which will  
get to work immediately, its pro-  
mothers say, stringing the wires.

Articles of incorporation of the Alaska  
Telegraph and Telephone Company have  
been filed with the county clerk of San  
Francisco. The directors of the new  
company are C. W. Wright, Theodore  
Reichart, D. E. Byham, J. W.  
Wright and J. W. Fassett. The cap-  
ital stock of the organization is \$250,000,  
of which \$100,000 has been subscribed  
by the directors.

The proposition is to construct a tele-  
graph line which will connect Dyea with  
the town of Dawson, and branch lines  
connecting Dyea with Juneau and Daw-  
son City with Circle City. The estimat-  
ed length of the proposed line is 1,000  
miles.

The plan of construction will be after  
the style of military systems used in  
war times. A wire a quarter of an inch  
thick, covered with a kerite insulation  
will be used. The wire will be laid  
along the ground instead of being  
stretched on poles. Trees or poles will  
be used only when it is necessary to  
cross a gulch.

The promoters of the novel enter-  
prise expect to get to work laying the  
wires in three weeks and to have them  
laid six weeks later. The company does  
not intend to have any telegraphic com-  
munication south of Juneau unless some  
of the larger companies construct a line  
north from Puget Sound.

### SISTERS OF ST. ANNE GOING.

San Francisco, July 28.—Two Sisters  
of St. Anne have offered their services  
for 10 years' arduous labor in the frozen  
north, and have been accepted by the  
superiority of their community. They  
have arrived in San Francisco on their  
way north and were to have sailed for  
St. Michaels on the steamer Expedition  
last night. It is considered that the vessel  
would be crowded with passengers, the  
officials of the Alaska Commercial Com-  
pany advised the sisters to wait over for  
the sailing of the Bertha, either Satur-  
day or Monday next.

The two who go to the north are Sister  
Mary of the Cross, formerly Miss Peter-  
son. She has recently been engaged in  
educational work in Holyoke, Mass.  
Her companion is Sister Mary Magdalen  
of the Sacred Heart, who was Miss  
Goulet, a native of Quebec.

### EXCUBITOR SAILS FOR ALASKA.

San Francisco, July 28.—The depart-  
ure of the steamer Excubitor for Alaska  
took place at 2 o'clock this afternoon.  
Many persons inquired this morning for  
passage, notwithstanding that notice had  
been given some days ago that every  
berth was taken, and that no more

tickets would be sold. It was reported  
on the street and on the dock that as  
high as \$150 bonus has been offered for a  
passage by the steamer, and that if  
more money were needed to secure it  
there would be more coming. But all  
who had secured their tickets seemed to  
be satisfied to cling to them, and no  
sales were reported.

Local capitalists are endeavoring to  
secure options on mining claims in the  
Klondyke country, but are not meeting  
with much success among the miners  
now here. The men seem to realize that  
they have a good thing in what they  
have and are not disposed to submit  
to modern forms of conveyance, even  
though not forced to sell until the value  
of the property is investigated.

### FAWCETT'S REPORT

Dominion Authorities Receive a Let-  
ter from Gold Commissioner at  
Dawson City.

All the Miners Are Not Making Mon-  
ey—Mounted Police Anxious To  
Go To the Yukon.

Ottawa, July 28.—A letter was re-  
ceived at the department of the interior  
from Thomas Fawcett, gold commis-  
sioner, dated Dawson City, June 16th. He  
reports his arrival on the previous day,  
having made the journey from Lake  
Bennett in ten days. On the 12th of  
June he met Wm. Ogilvie near Fort  
Selkirk, with a party, on his way to  
savour some locations at Fort Selkirk  
and Stewart river. As Mr. Gibbons is  
on his way down with a party, Mr.  
Ogilvie will strike the front and leave  
the work to be completed by Gibbons.

It is significant as showing that all  
the miners are by no means making  
money to read that both Mr. Ogilvie  
and Captain Constantine are of the opin-  
ion that the renewal fee of \$100 would  
press heavily on those claimants who  
have received small results from the  
mining work. It would likely be the  
press most heavily on cases in the Miller  
and Glacier creeks, where they have had  
an unfavorable spring for working.

Mr. Fawcett took up a copy of the  
new tariff and supplied it to Mr. Davis,  
collector at Dawson, who put it in force  
on June 16th.

The Mounted Police have begun their  
building at Dawson, and will soon have  
comfortable quarters.  
The Alaska Commercial Company is  
building a large warehouse, and are  
monopolizing the output of the saw mill.  
Controller of Mounted Police White is  
making arrangements for the transport  
of 80 additional police that are being  
sent to occupy the territory. Nearly all  
the members of the force are anxious to  
go, and have volunteered.

There were five members of the jub-  
ilee contingent in Ottawa yesterday on  
their return, and four out of the five  
were anxious to go to the Yukon. A  
careful selection will therefore be made  
of the most suitable members, and a  
small draft made on each of the various  
stations in the Northwest.

Since Christmas the force has been re-  
duced by about 75 men, and it now num-  
bers 609. After the dispatch of 38 men  
to the Yukon the Northwest force will  
consist of 570 men. Not many years  
ago it was up to the strength of 1,000.  
Regarding the collection of royalties  
on the gold output the advice of the  
government officers in the district is be-  
ing asked.

### SILVER WAS NEVER LOWER.

No Demand From India and Heavy  
Sales of Bullion in Canada.

New York, July 28.—Silver is lower  
than ever before, the silver dollar being  
worth less than 40c. in gold. There being  
no special orders for silver for any Eu-  
ropean countries for mintage, and India  
not being in the market, local dealers re-  
sisted the fall as natural. The Evening  
Post's London financial cablegram to-  
day has the following: 'The fall in silver  
is exciting much interest. The inquiry  
seems to come mainly from American  
selling, but the distress of the Chinese  
exchange exceeds the extent warranted  
by the fall in silver. It is believed heavy  
interest payments by China abroad partly  
accounts for it.'

City of Mexico, July 28.—The drop in  
silver has created much comment here  
in financial and business circles. If sil-  
ver remains down, the loss to export-  
ations having gold interest to meet abroad  
will be large and at the present basis  
gold interest on government loans abroad  
will require a million dollars more in  
silver per annum. Many orders for goods  
abroad have been cancelled, merchants  
desiring to see how the exchange is  
going. It is generally believed that the  
sudden fall in silver is due to the unload-  
ing of large holdings of bullion, which has  
been done by the government and the continued  
small demand in India for silver.

### AN ALARMING REMOR.

Report of the Loss of an Alaskan  
Freighter.

Tacoma, July 28.—A special to the  
Lodge from Port Townsend says:  
British Vice-Consul Kitcher received a  
private communication in the last mail  
from a friend residing at Sitka, Alas-  
ka, who reports the starting and dis-  
appearance of a schooner, according to a  
rumor in circulation in Alaska's capital  
city was of the steamer bound for the  
Klondyke country, carrying supplies, but  
has been totally wrecked.  
Beyond this plain statement the rumor  
brought no particulars, and since it re-  
sults speculation has been rife as to the  
identity of the unfortunate craft.







## YUKON RAILWAY

Engineer G. W. Garside Has Surveyed a New Route From the Skaguay Bay.

British-American Transportation Co. Will Probably Start Construction Next Year.

The route of what will probably be the first railroad to be built in Alaska and the Northwest Territory has been surveyed from Skaguay to the upper Hootalinqua river, and work will probably begin on its construction early next year.

The survey has been made for the British-American Transportation Company by George W. Garside, a United States engineer now in Alaska.

Mr. Kelly was formerly with his brother, Milo Kelly, engaged in the business at Tacoma, having purchased the plant and business of the Tacoma Fish Company. Last spring he and Milo Kelly left for Alaska, having been interested in some quartz claims in the Yukon basin, thirty miles from Juneau. Milo Kelly stopped at the mine, while his brother James pushed ahead over the pass beyond Dyea and as far down the Yukon as Stewart river.

The British-American Transportation Company is said to be a wealthy English syndicate, with plenty of funds to spend in building a railroad into the new placer fields of the Northwest Territories. It is said that there is no longer any question about the richness of the Clondyke district, it appears that work will be pushed as soon as the weather next spring will permit.

Mr. Kelly, while not employed by Mr. Garside, is a close friend of the engineer and is fully acquainted with the details of the survey and of the route that has been selected. If Mr. Garside's plans are carried out, the journey from Dyea to Dawson City will be a part rail line and part by river steamers plying up the Yukon river above Dawson City. The route will be much different from that now in use, being by way of Lakes Tagish and Atlin and the Hootalinqua river, eliminating the White Horse Rapids and the dangers of Miles canyon, where now portages of from one to three miles have to be made and where many a miner has been wrecked.

The route for the new road, as surveyed and laid out by Mr. Garside, runs from Skaguay bay across the new White trail to the upper arm of Lake Tagish. Here a transfer to lake steamers is to be made. By steamer the route is across the head of Lake Tagish and through Three-Mile river to Lake Atlin. Across Lake Atlin to its northern extremity is about 30 miles. Here the rail line is resumed for a distance of 31 miles to the headwaters of Hootalinqua river.

Disembarking at Hootalinqua river, passengers and freight will be transferred to river steamers to be operated by the company from Dawson and Forty-Mile up the Yukon and Hootalinqua rivers.

This route is perhaps 75 or 100 miles longer than that at present followed by incoming miners and gold hunters. It is said that the trail over White's pass was made as a preliminary to the survey for the new railroad.

In building the road, the company expects to see the whole of the upper Yukon basin developed during the next few years. Its promoters believe that the country will produce a large amount of gold in the next half century, and that the discoveries of rich placers will extend to other streams forming the upper end of the Yukon basin. It is said that in the territory now unexplored, in which the Clondyke has its source, there are great ledges of quartz, and that smaller streams rising in the same territory form the headwaters of other streams emptying into the Yukon above the Clondyke, and therefore likely to be as productive of rich placers as is the new region.

Mr. Kelley came over the White pass. He left the mouth of Stewart river late in May and poled up the river and rowed across the lakes, with a light canoe and no more provisions than were necessary in making the journey. He intends to go back as soon as he can complete some business arrangements here. He will probably leave on the Al-Ki on her next trip north.

From two to four weeks is usually required in making the trip by the lakes and overland route to the Yukon. Mr. Kelly intends making it in nine days. He says that he will leave Skaguay in the morning by pack train and will reach Lake Linderman that night. He declares that by travelling day and night he can make the trip in nine days, although this will be record-breaking time.

In discussing the strike at the Clondyke Mr. Kelly said: "The stories relative to the richness of the placers have not been exaggerated. I believe there is much yet to tell. The camp is wonderfully rich and I believe will continue to be a big producer of placer gold. There is a great stretch of country above the Clondyke and the upper Yukon basin which is as yet unexplored. It is believed that great quartz ledges exist there and prospectors are already trying to find them. Alaska's production of gold will grow greater year by year."

In speaking of the hardships encountered by the pioneers of the Clondyke, Mr. Kelly said that they endured great trials in making the trip up the Yukon from Circle City and beyond. Many suffered severely from frozen feet and others were in great want of provisions, many narrowly escaping starvation.

## Well Men Know

It is folly to build upon a poor foundation, either in architecture or in health. A foundation of sound is insecure and to deaden symptoms by narcotics or nerve compounds is equally dangerous and deceptive. The true way to build up health is to make your blood rich, pure and nourishing by taking Hood's Sarsaparil.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and bowels. Cure sick headache.

## CABLE DISPATCHES.

Labor Wars—South African Victory—Storm in France.

London, July 28.—The manufacturers of bicycles have taken a hand in the strike of engineers. Twenty-one bicycle firms have joined the Employers' Federation and have posted notices in their shops discharging 25 per cent. of their employees who belong to the Society of Amalgamated Engineers. The executive committee of the Amalgamated Engineers has instructed the remaining 25 per cent. of members of the society to strike.

Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, has received a dispatch from Her Majesty's high commissioner at the Cape, stating that in the fighting at Fort Martin, near Dardier, South Africa, on Saturday, the noted chief, Mashingombi, was slain, and between four and five hundred of his followers were taken prisoners. The government forces occupied all the positions at Marles Kraal, where they captured more than one hundred prisoners.

The Reuter Telegram Company has been circulating a story to the effect that Marconi is contemplating applying wireless telegraphy to exploding magazines against distant warships and automatically synchronizing watches in people's pockets. Professor Crooks, when questioned on the subject, demonstrated the impossibility of doing such things and characterized the story as the irresponsible chatter of an unsophisticated reporter.

The judicial committee of the privy council has heard arguments to-day in an important appeal against a judgment entered by the supreme court of Canada in October of last year in proceedings between the attorney-general on the one side and on the other the attorneys-general of Ontario, Quebec and Nova Scotia, relative to the jurisdiction over waters within the limit of the provinces.

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## WHAT IT MEANS

The Immediate Development of the Great Northern Region To Begin at Once.

Miners Will Prospect Through from the Clondyke to Old Cariboo.

"I believe that miners will drift south from Clondyke and north from Cariboo until they will prospect that whole northern country, and prove that it is gold-bearing clear throughout."

So said Dr. F. S. Reynolds, editor of the British Columbia Mining Journal, of Ashcroft, to a P.I. representative. The doctor is an American, who has made his home in Canada, and while he extols the glorious climate and the fishing of his new home, grows enthusiastic over the life and business activity in Seattle.

Continuing on the inevitable topic of the Clondyke, he said:

"If Seattle is building up the hope of holding the trade of the Yukon, or that portion of it in British territory, it would

ably wash about \$200,000 this season. The Horseshy Hydraulic Company, after washing for the first year, in which it took out \$45,000, found that there was too much cement in the ground for successful operations by this method, and put in a ten-stamp mill, which started on July 10th, and crushes 120 tons a day. In the same camp the Miocene Mining Company, a San Francisco outfit, with Senator Campbell at its head, has a shaft down 240 feet, sinking for the bed of the old channel, and has put in machinery to sink deeper. The theory of a number of experts is that the channel is here 1,000 feet wide, and that the Fraser, Clearwater, Quenelle and perhaps other streams formerly passed through it. This theory is well borne out by the fact that the Horseshy Hydraulic mine has shown the present channel of the Horseshy river to be simply a cross-cut of the old channel. This mine is being worked by two hydraulic elevators and will make a good showing. Nearly 40 miles of this old channel have now been located, and if Campbell finds it rich enough to drift, hoist and wash the gravel, there will be a great deal of new work. As regards the property of the Maude Mining Company, on which Col. Fishback attempted to make a deal, J. Henry Adickes has made the second payment of \$5,000, and the owners have given him till January to pay the other \$90,000. The people are working at Barkerville and the

## ANOTHER VICTORY.

Kootenay Coped with Eczema and Overthrew It.

James A. Wilson of Paris, Ont., Delighted With His Daughter's Cure.

All along the line Kootenay is marching to victory. Wherever there is a standup fight between Kootenay and disease, Kootenay always comes out victor. The "New Ingredient" gets in its home thrusts that make disease yield the battle. Nowhere is this better exemplified than in the case of any stubborn skin disease. The use of Kootenay means certain cure. It was so in the case of Miss Wilson, whose sufferings for eighteen months from the cruel tortures of Eczema were such as to make her thankful for any remedy that afforded a chance of relief. Her father, Mr. James A. Wilson, writing under dates of April 29th and May 8th, states: "In regard to the health of my daughter, I am happy to inform you that she is cured of Eczema and has this Monday gone to work in the woolen mills here after being out nearly 18 months, and I

## AGITATORS SUPPRESSED.

Government Take Strong Measures to Quell the Swat Uprising.

Bombay, July 28.—The uprising in the Swat valley has led the government to adopt a policy of suppression toward the native agitators, who in speeches and throughout the native press have for a long time been endeavoring to promote the spirit of revolt.

In pursuance of this policy a number of arrests have already been made, and others are expected to follow. At Poonah, two well known agitators, Sirdar Bal Yastroo Nahu and his brother, Hunopant Ham Chander Nahu, have been arrested on charges of disloyalty.

A number of homes have been searched with the result that the police have found arms concealed, though the owners have departed for parts unknown. Eshoo Madow-Bal, a partner of Gangadhar Tiliak, in publishing the newspaper Kesari has been arrested. The office has been searched and a quantity of incriminating documents seized, together with an issue of the paper. Eshoo will be put on trial here with Tiliak.

Gangadhar Tiliak published inflammatory articles before the murders of plague commissioner Rand and Lieutenant Ayerst. He has repeated the substance of them since the murders, and there is general astonishment that he has so long been allowed immunity. He was recently elected a member of the Bombay council, but his confirmation by Lord Sandhurst, the governor, has been severely criticized.

The two Natus were arrested at sunrise and escorted outside the limits of the Poonah collectorate by a formidable body of mounted police. All their property has been attached. The family is old and wealthy, and it has been implicated in many Brahmin fanatical outbreaks. It is alleged that the brothers Nahu led the mob which desecrated the Mohammedan mosque Haru Wallah. Two men were killed in the riot, and the younger Nahu was tried for murder but acquitted.



A DEEP IMPRESSION ON THE EMPIRE'S HEART.

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be well to bear in mind that British Columbia or Canada is likely to adopt and enforce such regulations as will give Victoria and Vancouver a fair share of the trade. The British parliament came near passing a law which would have prevented American citizens or any others not naturalized from holding a miner's license or other privileges, and would have at least seriously interfered with their mining activity in any part of Canada. A measure of this kind came within one vote of becoming law at the last session of parliament at Victoria. The agitation on the subject was, perhaps, brought about more by unwise attempts at discriminating legislation against Canadian subjects that were entered by the supreme court of Canada in October of last year in proceedings between the attorney-general on the one side and on the other the attorneys-general of Ontario, Quebec and Nova Scotia, relative to the jurisdiction over waters within the limit of the provinces.

Changing the subject to mining operations in the Cariboo, and talking of great developments, he said: "The Cariboo Hydraulic Company, which made a clean-up of over \$71,000, will soon be ready to make another of about the same amount, and will prob-

Forks quite extensively with rather promising prospects.

"About 600 men the now going for various companies 600 miles north of Ashcroft, to Mason creek and other streams. One of these is the Forty-Third Milling and Mining Company, of Ottawa, which is putting in hydraulic elevators at Manson creek. Captain Black's party, of Victoria, has 100 men at work on Slate and Manson creeks in the same section, and within the past two months a New Jersey, New York and Philadelphia syndicate has located for dredging purposes 80 miles of the Findlay, Nation and Parsnip rivers. In that same section, they have engineers at work preparing to put in a saw mill and establish a camp and take 150 to 200 men. They propose to put in six or eight dredgers early in the season next year.

"Several Seattle outfits are in that section. Clarence Coulter and his father are there to investigate some property in which Mr. R. B. Brierly became interested last year, and which has the reputation of being good.

"Ashcroft is the distributing point for that whole section, and Quenelle is one of the busiest towns, with some of the most enterprising men. And in all, the country is in a highly prosperous condition, but it has room for plenty of capital to be invested in conservative mining properties."

give your Kootenay credit for curing her. "You may use the contents of my letters as recommendations, for we believe that every person who has Eczema should know the benefits of Kootenay. There are lots of witnesses here to testify to the contents of my letters, people who saw her when she was very bad and to-day."

(Signed) JAMES A. WILSON. According to previous information received from this same gentleman, we learn that Miss Wilson had the disease for 11 months before beginning to take Kootenay Cure, and was under the doctor's care for about 8 months. He said the case was a very obstinate one and she did not get any better. She began using Kootenay on the recommendation of the Rev. Mr. Brown and Rev. Union Richardson, of London, and is now well.

Here you have a complete history of that when used with perseverance and conscientiously how thoroughly Kootenay Cure gets at the source of all diseases—Disordered Blood—purifies it, enriches it, cleanses all impurities from it and restores perfect health.

Sold by all druggists, or The S. S. Ryckman Medicine Co., (Limited), Hamilton, Ont.

Charge book-free on application. —A large assortment of English Rookingham tea pots at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.



## CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles just sent to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

## SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, even if they only cured

## HEAD

ache they would be almost useless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do with as' those, but after all sick head

## ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cleanse all who use them. In value at 25 cents; Six for \$1. Sold everywhere, or by mail, CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

J. PIERCE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

Miners' Outfits

A SPECIALTY.

VICTORIA, B.C.

NOTICE.

1896, M. No. 41. In the Supreme Court of British Columbia, In the Matter of the "Quieting Titles Act" and of Sub-divisions Numbers Fourteen (14) and Fifteen (15) of Suburban Lot Number Four (IV.) in the City of Victoria.

Monday, the 8th day of February, A. D. 1907.

Upon hearing read the petition of Rose Murray and Della McBrady, herein dated the 13th day of November, 1899, the affidavit of the said petitioners in support of the said petition, the affidavit of James Muirhead, sworn the 25th day of October, 1899, the affidavit of James Daley, sworn the 28th day of October, 1899, the certificate of the Registrar-General of Titles relating to the title of the above-mentioned sub-divisions numbers fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) of suburban lot number four (IV.), dated the 27th day of October, 1899, and the other documents set forth in the schedule to the said petition, and upon hearing Counsel for the said petitioners, I do order that a declaration of the petitioners' claim to the above-mentioned land do issue as prayed by the above-mentioned petition upon notice to adverse claimants to the said land of the application herein made of and under being published in four successive issues of the British Columbia Gazette and in the Daily Times for one month, provided that the said adverse claim shall be filed within the said period with the Registrar of this Court.

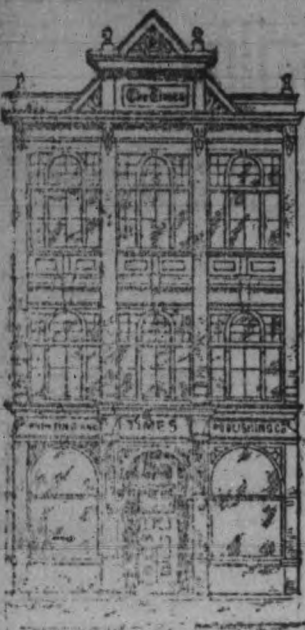
(Sgd.) M. W. TREVITT DRAKE, J.

Further to the above order, notice is hereby given that any person having, or pretending to have, any title or interest in the above-mentioned lands, or any part thereof, is required, before the issue of the above-mentioned declaration, to file a statement of his claim with the Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, pursuant to the above Act.

Dated the 23rd day of July, 1897. HUNTER & OLIVER, Solicitors for the Petitioners, July 24-1m.



## The Daily Times.



## WHAT IS TURNER GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?

If we were asked to indicate the public man who, of all others in this broad Dominion, has trifled with his popularity, ruined his party, betrayed his friends and destroyed himself, we should point to Hon. J. H. Turner and exclaim "Thou art the man." No leader ever took office with brighter prospects of a long and successful career, and no leader ever succeeded so rapidly in public opinion or earned the distrust, if not the contempt, of a majority of his followers in so short a space of time. His incompetent handling of the \$400,000 loan in the London market, and the enormous commissions he paid to brokers, when he might have saved the country \$40,000 by not going to London at all, were the first evidences the country had of his utter want of business capacity. His retention of Col. Baker in office after the Crow's Nest Pass and Cranbrook scandals; his failure to infuse life and energy into the attorney-general's department; his refusal to demand the resignation of the president of the council when he appeared as counsel in a case against the government, and his action in allowing the most important branch of the public service to be in the capable hands of Mr. Martin to sink into disrepute, all bear additional testimony (if any were wanting) to Mr. Turner's own incompetency and indifference to public opinion. As the tree is known by its fruit, so is a government by its policy, and the policy of the Turner government has been one of studied neglect of the public interests and the glorification and material advancement of its members.

Let any unprejudiced man read the interview of the chief commissioner with the Nelson Miner, and ask himself how long a minister who would give utterance to such sentiments would be suffered to remain in any other government under the sun. In a despotic country he would lose his material head. Under a responsible form of government either his official head or that of Col. Baker would roll into the basket. Privately Mr. Martin is entitled to entertain the lowest possible opinion of his colleagues, but when he gives wing to that opinion and through the columns of a newspaper allows the statement to go abroad that he quotes the provincial secretary's integrity at a very heavy discount, a strong man at the head of affairs would say to Mr. Martin, "No more be officer of mine." Either that or Col. Baker would resign, for how can the provincial secretary as an "honest man" consent to longer sit at the same council board with a colleague who, by inference, attacks his honor. It is an open secret that the premier has fired Col. Baker and his aggrandizing propensities and he is equally anxious to rid himself of Mr. Martin. Both are heavy loads to carry, and if it should turn out that the chief commissioner was sent into the Kootenays to insult the provincial secretary and so afford the premier an opportunity of clearing himself of both obnoxious ministers at once, Mr. Turner is possessed of more political finesse than the few who still believe in him give him credit for. He becomes the lingo of British Columbia politics, for whether Martin kill Baker or Baker Martin, or each do the other, Turner is advantaged. The three can never plot together again.

Perhaps no more insolent manifesto than that of Mr. Martin was ever penned. When he left Vancouver for the interior the World gave him a grand send-off in its editorial columns. He was just the man to restore the nerves of the people and restore public confidence in the ministry. How has he met the prediction of the World? He tells the Kootenaians that they have no reason to grumble (no reason to kick, as he elegantly expresses it) and talks to and of them as if they were a pack of hounds and he their master armed with a whip to lash them into a state of subjection. Upon his own constituents he casts the odious imputation of corruption when he threatens to mortgage his farm and spend \$10,000 in his district to as-

sure his return at the general election. What do the people of Yale say to this extraordinary threat? Are they to be bought, sold, like Mr. Martin's live stock, at so much per head? We feel sure that there will be an indignant response from all parts of Yale, and we feel equally certain that after the election Mr. Martin will not have an opportunity to air his eloquence or issue an impudent manifesto as a minister of the crown.

In the meantime the public await with interest the solution of the conundrum, "What is Mr. Turner going to do about it?"

## THE SPORT OF PROMOTERS.

Eastern "promoters" are evidently endeavoring to exploit Clondyke to their own advantage and the discomfort of "suckers," just as they did Roseland. The Hamilton Times finds it advisable to sound this note of warning: "Let us assume that a small proportion of jump-in-the-dark Yukon companies will succeed; it is still desirable that the men who furnish the dollars should know what kind of risk they take. Let the investing public keep cool and carefully examine the many schemes now being put before them. Conservatism in the matter of investing now may save heart-aches months hence. Many who have been bitten will appreciate this advice; other will do well to ponder it. Be sure you have a good thing before parting with your hard-earned cash. When you buy Yukon gold fields, see that the seller is prepared to deliver the goods." No man should be so great a fool as to believe that in the brief period since news of Clondyke riches came out any company could place before him a bona fide chance of purchasing a share in those riches. The known claims are held by men on the ground, and if there are more such in the background the men now on the ground or those going in have the best chance of capturing them. What any Ontario company has to offer must be a very "off" chance indeed.

Touching the latest failure of foolish sentimentalists to secure a pardon for Mrs. Maybrick, the condemned murderer, the Spokane Chronicle says: "It is a striking example of the rigid adherence to the strict letter of the law practiced by British courts and the British government. It is in sharp contrast to the maddening sentiment exhibited in this country over notorious criminals, which frequently leads to their release from prison. In fact, it is not infrequently happens that the court which sentenced the criminal and the prosecuting attorney who secured his conviction, attend their voices in the appeal to the government for the freedom of the prisoner."

The Colonist makes much ado about its having "started the opposition last winter to the proposed lease of Stewart river." What a pity that our neighbor should not have used its mighty influence to prevent the consummation of the Cassiar Central inquiry, which is on a scale almost infinitely greater than the Stewart river project. Instead it has defended the gross job with all its might. "What is in that little deal anyhow?"

How is all the stuff that is now on the way to Lynn Canal to be transported across the passes and down the Yukon? Have its owners given sufficient thought to that problem? Very likely not; they had the fever and had no time for thought. The fact is that a good many men are rushing for Clondyke who know practically nothing of the journey, and it is altogether probable that they will find its difficulties too great for them before they go very far.

## CONSTANTINOPLE'S DEFENCES.

Military critics who have studied the situation assert that Constantinople has the strongest natural defence of any city in the world. It is almost impregnable.

So long as the Turk can hold his capital the Ottoman empire will exist. Military critics say that it would be almost impossible for any nation or union of nations to seize this place, which is the key to the situation in the east, according to the New York Journal.

On the land side it stands on a narrow tongue of land, not twenty-five miles broad, and as a first line of defence is sheltered by a range of lofty hills. A comparatively small army entrenched in these fastnesses could defy an enormous host.

On the other side of the sea it is even stronger. The Bosphorus is a narrow and dangerous channel, with lofty banks on each side.

The same is the case with the Dardanelles, through which it would be impossible to pass in the face of a fire from the forts on either side of the narrow strait. It would be absolutely necessary to secure, in the first place, the peninsula of Gallipoli. But its isolation and the height of its cliffs would make this an extremely difficult task.

The only course would be to take the city by blockade. And the difficulty of this is obvious, for it would be necessary to prevent supplies reaching the city, not only from the direction of Adrianople, but from the direction of the sea. To do this it would be necessary to occupy the country for a distance of 250 miles. And military experience shows that there is no task at once so harassing and so difficult as that of preventing supplies from reaching an enemy across a long line of country.

A strange defence has been offered in England by a captain who ran an excursion steamer, as it seemed, deliberately on the rocks at Scarborough. The passengers thought he was drunk, but he wanted to be let off because he was under the influence of opium taken to relieve pain.

## RUSKIN'S UNSELFISHNESS.

Another striking illustration of Ruskin's unselfishness is seen in the fortune which, at the time of his father's death, amounted to a million dollars. Poor young men and women who were struggling to obtain an education were helped, homes for working men and women were established and model apartment houses were erected. He also promoted a work for reclaiming waste land outside of London. This land was used for the aid of unfortunate men who wished to rise again from the state into which they had fallen through cruel social conditions and their own weakness. It is said that this work suggested to General Booth his colonization farms. Ruskin has also been liberal in aiding poor artists, and has done much to encourage the artistic taste among the young. On one occasion he purchased ten fine water-color paintings by Holman Hunt for \$3,750, to be hung in public schools in London.

By 1877 he had disposed of three-fourths of his inheritance, besides all the income from his books. But the calls of the poor and the plans which he wished to put into operation looking toward educating and enabling the toilers, and giving to their gloomy life something more of sunshine and joy, were such that he determined to dispose of all the remainder of his wealth except a sum sufficient to yield him \$1,500 a year on which to live.—B. O. Flower, in the Arena.

## ATKINS AND HIS WATCH.

There are many little eccentricities peculiar to Tommy Atkins, not the least remarkable of which is the method he adopts for disposing of his watch. Almost every man, when he enlists, possesses a watch of some kind, but in a few weeks he discovers that this useful article is not an absolute necessity in the ranks.

Consequently, he decides to turn it into a little current coin of the realm, which, under the existing circumstances, would be of more service to him.

But he is a soldier now, and it would seem as though he took delight in openly defying the stereotyped methods of civilians, for he has invented a little method of his own for selling watches. The watch "for sale" is hung upon the mess room door, and the owner's comrades stand some ten or twelve yards away and eye him at it. The first who strikes the watch takes it, and it becomes his absolute property. The seller pockets all the sixpences which have gone wide of the mark until the fatal one is thrown.

This method of disposing of his watch provides a little excitement, and Tommy Atkins dearly loves a break in the monotony of life.—Weekly Telegraph.

## THREE GREAT LANGUAGES.

M. Berthillon has deduced some interesting facts and figures from the serious decline in the French birth-rate. He says that at the end of the last century France represented twenty-seven per cent. of the great European powers, and her language was the one most spoken throughout the world. To-day she lives on her past. There are 40,000,000 of people who know French from birth. Such is the number of readers that a French book could have, but the same book written in German could be read by more than 97,000,000 men; if it is in English by more than 115,000,000 people.

## THE CONGOLESE TRAVELLERS.

During the voyage of the Leopoldville from the Congo with the contingent of natives for the Brussels Exposition, two of the black travellers succumbed to fever. They were buried at sea, with out any sign of emotion from their compatriots, so the white travellers narrate. And the next day the two widows found fresh mates. Yet, strange to say, the Congolese are suffering from homesickness. A little disturbance occurred during the progress of the voyage in the shape of an inter-tribal fight between the Bangwala and the Baundara, in the course of which four men were wounded and two ladies had to be put in chains.

## RUBBER FOR BICYCLES.

Mr. J. Hart, supervisor of the Royal Botanical Gardens, Trinidad, has issued a bulletin strongly recommending the planting of rubber trees by reason of the demand of the community for bicycle tires. One planter has already several hundred of the Castilleja Elastic ready for bleeding, which were obtained under the direction of Mr. Hart. Last year the demand for seedlings of the Castilleja in Trinidad much exceeded the supply, although Mr. Hart raised and sold 10,000.

Newfoundland has issued a Cabot series of stamps for 1897, fourteen in number. They run from one to sixty cents, the total face value being \$2.15. The designs are pleasingly novel. They depict besides the Queen's head, Henry VII., who authorized Cabot's expedition, Cabot ("him that found the new world"), the ship Matthew leaving the Avon, and lumbering, hunting, mining, fishing and coast scenes. The engraver's work has been well done, and the issue is highly creditable to the colony, and likely, also, to be profitable. The collector will certainly cause a demand for it.

Speaking of a peerage recently bestowed on Mr. Ian Fraser Hamilton, the London Truth says: "He has had a leading place among the agreed and complaining body of the Irish landholders. He is an amiable gentleman, married to a sister of the Duke of Wellington. Lady Victoria Hamilton is a clever and philanthropic lady of the genuine, not the advertising kind. She promotes and actively helps many good works in Dublin. Mr. Hamilton lives within a few miles of the capital."

Pallid faces indicate pale, thin blood. Ruddy cheeks show the pure, rich blood resulting from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## A VISIT TO TIMBUCTOO.

Timbuctoo, writes a recent traveller in Central Africa, is essentially a place of exchange—an entrepot—where meet those who travel and traffic by camel, and those who do so by canoe. It is the point of junction of the Arab with the negro world. It is at the outlet of a labyrinth of Niger water-channels on the verge of the desert, and is described as "like a port with bonded docks situated on the coast of an arid continent, with a sea of sand stretching before her upon which the fleets of the desert come and go." Hither comes all the commerce of the desert, and across the desert comes the long caravan of the Moorish and Algerian merchants of the far north. These bring the produce of Morocco and Algeria and Tunis, with European cloths and arms, and hardware, and, above all, loads of salt, in exchange for which they take back gold and ivory, ostrich feathers, raw leather, wax, incense, gum and such other produce as the Soudan and Niger basins can offer. Now, all this trade passes through Timbuctoo, but does not belong to it.

The camels discharge their cargoes into the canoes, from which in turn they load up for their homeward journey. Timbuctoo is only the place for transshipment, and its inhabitants are the brokers and intermediaries in the trade. For the rest, they make profit by providing board and lodging for the caravans. These, of the large sort, may include from six hundred to one thousand camels, and from three to five hundred men, carrying goods to the value of £30,000.

They arrive twice a year—December to January, and July to August. But smaller caravans of sixty to one hundred camels are arriving constantly all the year round, so that there is an increasing supply of strangers to be provided for. It is said that from fifty to sixty thousand laden camels reach Timbuctoo every year by different tracks across the Sahara. To the stranger merchants hospitality is offered by the inhabitants and the understanding is, that for the first three days entertainment is free, and that on the fourth day payment begins, while the landlord acts as clever and broker. Under the crumbling ruins are many shops richly furnished with the fabrics of Europe and the Soudan and the products of the district. There are certain brokers who devote themselves to gold, or cattle, or salt, or textiles, and occasionally the richer merchants of Timbuctoo will rig the markets, by buying up the spot supply of the chief articles of commerce just before the caravans or fleets are due. In the time of its greatest prosperity Timbuctoo does not seem to have had a larger resident population than about fifty thousand, and we judge that the present population is about a third of that number.

## THE BEDOUIN OF SOCOIRA.

The Bedouin is decidedly a handsome individual, full of limb like his goat, and with a caftan-like colored skin. He has a shaggy profile and excellent teeth. He often wears a stumpy black beard and has beautifully pencilled eyebrows, and, though differing entirely in language, in physique, and in type, he closely resembles the Bedouin found in the Mahdi and Gara mountains. Furthermore the mode of life is the same—dwelling in caves when necessary, but having permanent abodes on the lower lands—and they have several other striking points in common. Greetings take place between the Arabian Bedouins and the Socotran Bedouins in similar fashion by touching each cheek and then rubbing the nose. We found the Bedouin of Mount Haghier fond of dancing and playing his tabor, and also peculiarly lax in his religious observances, and though ostensibly conforming to the Mohammedan practice, they observe next to none of their precepts, and it is precisely the same with the Bedouins we met in the Gara mountains. There is certainly nothing African about the Socotran Bedouin; therefore I am inclined to consider him a branch of that aboriginal race which inhabited Arabia with a language of its own, and when Arabia is philosophically understood, and its various races investigated, I expect we shall hear of several new languages spoken by different branches of this aboriginal race, and then, perhaps, a parallel will be found to the prodigiously isolated tongue of this remote island.

The Bedouin's house is round and surrounded by a round wall in which the doors are opened at night. It is flat-roofed and covered with soil, and inside it is as destitute of interest as it is possible to conceive—a few mats on which they store their butter, and a skin chug in which to make the same. In one house into which I penetrated I found a bundle hanging from the roof which I found to be a baby by the exposure of one of its little feet.

Everything is poor and pastoral. He has hardly any clothes to cover himself with, nothing to keep him warm when the weather is damp save his home-spun sheet, and he has not a soul above his flock. The closest intimacy exists between the Bedouin and his goats and cows. The animals understand and obey certain calls with absolute accuracy, and you generally see a Socotran shepherdess walking before her flock, not after it, and they stroke and caress their little ones until they are as tame as dogs—Nineteenth Century.

## IS TYPEWRITING MANUSCRIPT?

The speaker of the British house of commons has ruled that typewriting is not manuscript, but printing. Consequently, according to the rule of the house of commons, that all petitions must be written and not printed or lithographed, no typewritten petition can be received. The speaker's ruling is in accordance with their postal regulations, the products of the copying press and typewriter are not admitted at the rate of printed matter. If the post office is right then the speaker is wrong.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is to loosen the liver and regulate the bowels, but does not purge. They are safe to please. Try them.

Good, heavy gray blankets for Arctic weather on the Clondyke and other Canadian gold fields. Weller Bros., 71 to 75 Post st.

## YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

## "BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER

FOR

DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

## KLONDIKE.

THE FINE STEEL STEAMSHIP

## "BRISTOL"

3,000 TONS CAPACITY

WILL SAIL FROM VICTORIA FOR DYRA DIRECT ON

AUGUST 10th.

Spacious passenger accommodations. Ample room for live stock and freight.

REASONABLE RATES.

Apply to

F. C. Davidge &amp; Co.

BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING.

## CLONDYKE

GOLD FIELDS.

The Staunch and Commodious Steamship

## COQUITLAM

Will sail from Vancouver for Dyra direct on

AUGUST 8th.

For rates apply at the office, Vancouver.

UNION STEAMSHIP CO., Vancouver, B. C.

15-28-17.

## PROTECT

YOUR EYES.

From bright sunlight and dust, by wearing a pair of our Perfect Smoke Glasses. They are restful and soothing to sensitive and weak eyes. See our large stock of Binoculars, Field and Marine Glasses. See the largest stock of Miners' and Magnifying Glasses ever shown in this province.

F. W. NOLTE &amp; CO., OPTICIANS, 12 FORT ST.

Esquimalt &amp; Nanaimo Railway Co.

## NOTICE.

To Prospectors, Miners and Holders of Mineral Claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, FOR ONE YEAR ONLY from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to minerals (except coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of \$5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One half of the purchase money to be paid by cash and the other half by promissory note, recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the records to be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, on payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest, on their dates, as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers.

LEONARD H. SOLLY, Land Commissioner, Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897.

## AUCTION SALES.

ONLY CORNER AUCTION ROOM.

## WILLIAM JONES

General Auctioneer and Commission Agent

133 GOVERNMENT ST., COR. PANDORA.

FURNITURE, FARM STOCK AND REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.

All goods sent for absolute sale will receive prompt and personal attention. Consignments solicited. Money to loan on real estate. Furniture bought for cash to any amount.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

P. J. DAVIES,

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

81 Johnson St., Victoria.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., Ltd

## CLONDYKE

GOLD FIELDS.

S.S. DANUBE

will sail from Victoria for DYRA, ALASKA at 5 p.m. on

AUGUST 1st.

S.S. ISLANDER, AUGUST 15.

For freight and passenger rates apply companies office, Wharf St. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

Victoria Metallurgical Works

AND ASSAY OFFICE,

43 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

W. J. R. COWELL, B.A., F.G.S., MINING ENG'R

Sole Proprietor and Manager.

CAPACITY OF STAMP MILL, 20 TONS PER DAY.

CHLORINATION PLANT, 2 TONS PER DAY.

Mining Claims Reported On.

Result of Crush of 14 Tons Rock

From the property of

THE VICTORIA-TEXADA

MINING CO., Ltd.

Free Gold..... \$900

Concentrates (about)..... 200

\$1,100

A few shares for sale at the par value,

25 cents. Company's capital, \$150,000.

Treasury on hand (stock) \$72,000. All

promoters' stock pooled to October 31st.

BEAUMONT BOGGS &amp; CO.,

Company's Brokers --- 28 Beaud Street.

FOR SALE.

On Pender Island 3,191 acres of mixed

farm, fruit and pasture land, some

cleared, with coal and mineral rights a

(\$6) per acre. Title, Crown Grants.

The Island abounds with game, the

bays with fish. For further particulars see

Directory, Apply

H. J. ROBERTSON,

Balmoral Hotel.

Notice—The Pold and Gold Mining Co., Ltd., Ltd.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of

this Company will be held on Tuesday

August 3rd, 1897, at 4 p.m., at the office

of Messrs. Flint &amp; Prosser, 15 Broad Street,

Victoria, B. C., for the election of Trustees, the consideration of accounts, balance sheet, audit and the report of the

Trustees, and to authorize the issue of debentures or mortgages to cover working

expenses and advances, and general business.

C. DETROIT MASON, Secretary.

Mining Shares for Sale.

Victoria-Township at par..... \$0.25

Nelson-Poorman at par..... 25

Jade..... 25

St. Koverne..... 10

Wonderful..... 10

I. X. L..... 10

A. W. MORE &amp; CO.,

Mining Brokers, 62 Government St.

## Heintzman Piano for Sale

Lady leaving for England offers

her Piano, worth \$800, for \$300.

Terms can be arranged by applying to

S. A. STODDART,

JEWELLER, 68 YATES STREET.

## NOTICE.

St. John's street, from Belleville street to

Quebec street, is closed to traffic.

W. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.



## WE HAVE Medicine Chests

containing drugs, carefully packed and suitable for

## MINERS AND PROSPECTORS.

Also goggles and smoked glasses for

### SNOW-BLINDNESS.

## BOWES & CO.,

Druggists, &c., 100 Government St., Victoria.

### LOCAL NEWS.

#### Cleanings of City and Prov. clal News in a Condensed Form.

—Remember the great Clearance Sale now going on at the Sterling, Yates street.

—The Fifth Regiment band will play at Beacon Hill Park next Sunday afternoon.

—The telegraph wires between Victoria and Vancouver are again in trouble.

The "Badminton," late Major House, Vancouver, under management of H. R. Stratton.

—The residents of Soper City, on the Clondyke river, have made application to the Dominion authorities for the establishment of a post office at that city.

—If you are going to the Clondyke be sure and get sugar put up in B. C. Sugar Refining Co.'s special 20-pound package. Packed expressly for mountain climbing.

—A meeting of Port Angeles property holders will be held this evening at room 2, Williams' building, to discuss matters of importance to all who are in any way interested in that city.

Don't forget the 5th Regt. Band Excursion to Seattle next Saturday.

—No. 3 company association of the Fifth Regiment will hold a meeting at the Drill Hall on Monday evening to discuss the business of the company. Refreshments will be served at the close of the meeting.

—The first case, with the exception of the Ruthven case, that has been before the magistrate for two weeks, was that of the culprits who were only an inoffensive drunk. Victorians are certainly on their good behavior, while the crooks have probably all gone to Seattle, where there is a "green" police force, most of the old men having taken the gold fever.

—Among the passengers who came to the city yesterday evening by the Charming was Rev. W. E. Copeland, the well known theological lecturer. He came to deliver a course of lectures in this city, the first of which was given yesterday evening at the headquarters of the Theological Society, on Broad street. He will lecture at the same hall to-morrow evening on "Gloves, Rounds and Paces," and on Sunday evening on "Gospel Sermons."

—About 2:30 yesterday morning Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Davis, of this city, saw a bright light approaching about a thousand feet above Entrance Island or in that direction. The light, which was a powerful one, appeared to swing slowly and to be floating in a south-easterly direction. It is supposed to be another specimen of the "green fatness," the appearance of one of which at the head of Jervis Inlet was mentioned in the Free Press a few days ago. The light is reported to have been seen by others in the city. —Nanaimo Free Press.

Secretary Dallin, of the J. B. A. A., has received the following letter from the secretary of the Portland Bowling Club: "I am in receipt of your letter of July 15th, including bond, and your resolution of your managing committee. Let me assure you that the members of your association who recently visited Portland thoroughly merited all that we could possibly do for them, and the treatment they received, and which has been so pleasantly acknowledged, was further proof of our appreciation of the courtesy extended to us when in Victoria two years ago."

Don't forget the 5th Regt. Band Excursion to Seattle next Saturday.

Saturday is the day set apart for the Fifth Regiment band excursion to Seattle. The Kingston will leave here at 7 Saturday morning, and will not leave Seattle on her return trip until late in the evening, so that the excursionists will have lots of time in the metropolis of the Sound. On the return trip there will be dancing on the deck and an orchestral concert in the saloon. Miss S. McNiff, Mr. Herbert Kent and Mr. James Pilling will sing at the concert. The sale of staterooms commences to-morrow evening at the N.P.R. offices, when the band will play an impromptu concert for the benefit of those who have to wait their turn to get their berths reserved.

Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair,  
DR.

**PRICES**  
CREAM  
BAKING  
POWDER  
MOST PERFECT MADE

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. For  
American, Alton or any other substance.  
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—Most popular non-alcoholic beverage in the world—Kops Cheer.

For Bargains go to the Sterling, Yates street. Entire stock at clearing prices.

—15 cent tea kettles, 15 cent dish pans and other cheap tinware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

—E. J. Davies, who recently opened auction rooms on Johnson street, held his first sale to-day. It was in every way a success.

—In ordering wood give us a trial. Our wood is all cut from large trees and thoroughly dry, therefore it must be the best that money can buy. Sold in any length. Spratt & Macanlay.

The Dominion steamer Quadra left yesterday evening on a trip up the Gulf to place aids to navigation, tend the lighthouses and perform other departmental duties.

—Thomas Lust and Thomas Baker, the two boys who ran away from the Protestant Orphan's Home last evening, were found this morning at Oak Bay. Lust has left the home on more than one occasion.

Don't forget the 5th Regt. Band Excursion to Seattle next Saturday.

A dispatch from Vancouver says a London cablegram has been received there announcing that \$400,000 had been subscribed for the construction of the Cassiar Central Railway. Mr. St. George, the company's representative in this city, has had no confirmation of the announcement made from Vancouver. Neither have Messrs. Martin & Langley, solicitors for the company. They have, however, received very favorable news from London.

—As a result of the stabbing affray which occurred in the Grand Pacific hotel on Easter Sunday, the liquor license held by Nicholas Condogorge for that hotel, and the license of Eugene Fernando, for the Russ House, were both cancelled. In the examination of Antonio Reda, the man who wielded the knife, it came out that liquor was sold at both the Grand Pacific and the Russ House to the Italians who were implicated in the trouble. Condogorge and Fernando were proceeded against in the police court and fined for selling liquor on Sunday. Chief Sheppard reported the facts to the license commissioners, who to-day held an inquiry and cancelled the licenses, re-issuing them to Joseph H. King, for the Russ House and Lorenzo Reda for the Grand Pacific.

### CAMP MEETING.

The Methodists of the City in Camp at Kanaka Ranch.

Down on Little Kanaka ranch, near Esquimalt, the Methodists of the city have erected their tents, and now the place looks like a circus ground, the canvas houses of the campers being scattered in all directions. In the center of the group being a large tent capable of seating 200 people. In this tent services will be held three times a day, until the close of the camp on Sunday next. The meetings yesterday were conducted by Rev. Thos. Crosby, president of the local conference. The programme, as arranged for the rest of the week, is as follows:

July 29.—Rev. J. P. Hicks, at 11:30 a.m.  
July 29.—Rev. J. F. Betts, at 3 p.m.  
July 29.—Rev. J. McKean, at 7 p.m.  
July 30.—Rev. G. F. Swinerton, B.A., at 10:30 a.m.  
July 30.—Rev. C. Bryant, at 3 p.m.  
July 30.—Rev. T. Crosby, at 7:30 p.m.  
July 31.—Mr. Knobs, at 10:30 a.m.  
July 31.—Mr. S. M. Okell, at 3 p.m.  
July 31.—Rev. J. F. Betts, at 7:30 p.m.  
Aug. 1.—Rev. T. Crosby, at 10 a.m.  
Aug. 1.—Rev. J. C. Speer, at 3 p.m.  
Aug. 1.—Rev. J. McKean, at 7:30 a.m.

### PERSONAL.

W. H. Brooks returned last evening from Fairview.

Wm. Farrell and wife, of Vancouver, are at the Driford.

G. G. Shaw was a passenger from Vancouver last evening.

D. G. Macdonnell, barrister, of Vancouver, is at the Driford.

F. Schofield, of Rossland, registered at the Driford this morning.

Rev. W. E. Copeland came down from Vancouver last evening.

Mrs. C. F. Gardner returned last evening from a visit to Vancouver.

H. R. Stratton, manager of the Hotel Badminton, Vancouver, is in the city.

T. M. Henderson and J. A. Teperoff were passengers from Vancouver yesterday.

Dr. Drake and wife and Mrs. Dougall, of Windsor, Ont., are guests at the Driford.

J. H. B. Rickaby, of the Hudson Bay Company, returned from the Sound this morning.

J. H. Escombe, of the British Chartered Yukon Company, returned from Vancouver last evening.

Jay H. Adams and W. D. Vincent arrived from Spokane this morning and registered at the Driford.

Robert Jack, the millionaire Chinaman, who is at the head of the great stevedoring firm of Robert Jack & Co., of Hongkong, China, came over on the Charming yesterday evening.

Mrs. L. L. Cappel, examiner and chairman of the vocal department at the American College of Musicians and vice-president of the N.Y.S.M.T. Association, who has been here for several days, left for Alaska on the Tongva.

### REDUCED RATES TO THE EAST.

From July 12th to July 17th inclusive, on Mondays and Thursdays thereafter up to and including August 31st, the Northern Pacific Railway will sell tickets at greatly reduced rates to all principal points in the East and Europe. For rates and all information call on E. F. Blackwood, agent Northern Pacific Railway Company.

HOTEL DALLAS, 10 miles from Port office. Strictly first-class. Porter and baggage men at every steamer and train. —Wm. J. J. J. J.

—Enamel cooking utensils at Weller Bros; just what you need for the Clondyke.

## Clondyke Medicines

BADLY NEEDED WHEN THEY ARE NEEDED.

We are supplying all that is necessary, in compact form, at a moderate price.

John Cochrane, CHEMIST,

North-West Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

### SHIPPING NEWS.

A rumor was current on the water front this afternoon that the steamer Alki was tied up at Dyce owing to the desertion of many of her crew. On the last arrival of that steamer at Dyce the crew having become afflicted with the gold fever, fled and made their way to the land of untold wealth. This report is but a rumor, and although a very likely one it is hard at present to ascertain anything regarding its accuracy, as none of the Alaskan steamers have returned to this port since the Alki arrived at Dyce.

The Tacoma News publishes a rumor to the effect that the headquarters of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, the company which operates steamers between Seattle and Yokohama, are to be removed from Seattle to Victoria. This is hardly possible, as the Great Northern Railway Company has a cast iron agreement with the steamship company. It is stated, however, that the company's steamers will call here both inward and outward.

The steamer Danube came into the inner harbor this afternoon from the outer wharf, where she has been lying since her return from the north. She is now being made ready for her run to Dyce on Sunday next. A large number of passengers and much space for freight have already been listed.

The yacht Nora returned from Texada Island this morning. On her were Captain J. D. Warren, Mrs. Warren and daughter, Mrs. Thain, H. M. Saunders and Miss E. G. Saunders. The six passengers have been on a prospecting trip to Nelson Island, a small island off Texada Island.

The tug Lorne towed the bark Melrose into Esquimalt harbor yesterday evening. The Melrose is laden with props from Chemainus for San Rosalie.

H.M.S. Amphion left for Bebring sea about 9 o'clock this morning.

### LAW INTELLIGENCE.

In the full court argument in Major vs. McCroney was this morning concluded and judgment was reserved. In 1895 McCroney, as manager of Major & McCroney's office in Vancouver, was arrested on a charge of fraudulently appropriating trust property to his own use. He was given a preliminary hearing in the district court and sent up for trial at the fall sittings. Pending the trial McCroney's friends came to the rescue and entered into an agreement to make restitution, and the prosecution was to use its best endeavors to have proceedings stayed. At the trial it appearing that there was not sufficient evidence to convict the case was withdrawn, and subsequently the defendant's bondsmen made two payments and then refused to pay any more, and then the plaintiff sued. The defendants claim that the agreement was void in law, having been made in consideration of stifling a criminal prosecution.

At the trial the chief justice gave judgment in favor of the plaintiff, and the defendant now appeals to the full court. E. P. Davis, Q.C., for appellants and L. G. McPhillips, Q.C., for respondents.

### NEW APPOINTMENTS.

The School Trustees Selected New Principals Last Night.

A meeting of the board of school trustees was held yesterday evening for the purpose of filling the vacant positions on the teaching staff and the vacant principalships in the city schools.

The appointments made were as follows: For the position of principal of Boys' Central school, Mr. J. D. Gilles, formerly principal of the Wellington school; and for the principalship of the Spring Ridge school, Mr. J. C. Butchart, of Manitoba university. The latter position was made vacant by the resignation of Mr. E. J. Doran, who contracted the gold fever a few days ago and left for the Clondyke on the Islander. The following mail teachers were appointed: Miss M. S. Blackburn for the Girls' Central school and Miss Alice Parsons for the North Ward; and the following pupil teachers were retained in their positions: Miss B. Fraser, of the Boys' Central; Miss Sparrow, South Park; and Miss Worlock, Victoria West.

A telegram was read from Inspector Eaton accepting the position, and then the meeting adjourned.

When the telephones were first placed in one of Queen Victoria's palaces she was promised that the first message should be sent by a brass band. As a delay occurred, no brass band was on hand, and the eminent electrician sang "God Save the Queen" instead. The Queen was asked if she remembered the song, and replied: "Yes; it is the national anthem, but very badly played."

Don't forget the 5th Regt. Band Excursion to Seattle next Saturday.

SCHLITZ.

The best beer that made Milwaukee famous, on draught at the Bank Exchange at 5c. per glass.

## Boys' Suits

Our mid-summer clearance sale has been going on all week, reducing the number of suits on hand to make room for those that are coming. Reduced prices are the order of the day. They make business. Ladies find this a good opportunity to buy their boys' school suits. You'll thank us for the hint.

3 Suits for \$1.60. \$2.50 Suits for \$2.00.

4 " 2.40. 3.50 " 2.80.

5 " 3.20. 4.50 " 3.60.

6 " 4.00. 5.50 " 4.40.

Hats, caps, and furnishing goods at 30 per cent. off regular prices. Your money back if we can't suit you.

## Cameron,

The Cash Clothier,  
55 Johnson Street.

### COLORADO'S MODEL TOWN.

Muckawango is the strangest town in Colorado. It has a population of 100 people, consisting of 30 families, two regularly paid policemen, a commissary, a resident physician, and is conducted on the co-operative plan.

It lies, a spot of brightly painted rustic cottages and tents, on the Fryer Pan river, about 60 miles west of Lovell, on the western slope. It is peopled entirely by prominent residents of Grand Junction, who have formed an association to incorporate a summer town in which their families may find refuge from the burning heat of Grand Junction, where the thermometer often reaches 100 in the shade.

Muckawango has just been started, and has already proven so popular that steps have been taken to keep the modern paradise from the gaze of the curious public. The promoters of the plan were Orson Adams, Dr. Eldridge and President Jones of the First National Bank of Grand Junction.

A commodious cabin is commissary headquarters. Between 9 and 10 o'clock every morning supplies of groceries, bread, meat and milk are distributed in equal proportions. The milk is shipped in ten-gallon tins to Muckawango, and is immediately placed on ice, keeping it cool during the day.

Two policemen regularly patrol the village and hunt up lost children. This is a necessary precaution, as only three or four men are in the place during the week. Saturday evening the heads of the Muckawangos come up from Grand Junction and remain over Sunday. —Denver Post.

### THEFT OF A FAMOUS PAINTING.

After nineteen years' search it now seems likely that the famous Gainsborough portrait of the Duchess of Devonshire will soon be recovered. This picture was stolen in 1878 from the art store of Thomas Agnew & Sons in Bond street, London, the canvas being cut from the frame. A reward of \$5,000 was once offered for the recovery of the picture and conviction of the thief, but no clue could be found.

Twice it has been thought that the picture would be recovered, once in 1893, when the Pall Mall Gazette asserted that it had found the thief in the person of one Adam Worth, a criminal known as "Le Brigand International," and again in the same year, when Mr. Agnew said that his firm had opened negotiations for the return of the painting. In the first instance the Gazette stated positively that Worth had acknowledged to one of its reporters that he was the thief. In the second instance, Mr. Agnew actually obtained a piece of the genuine canvas, but at no time during the progress of the negotiations did he know with whom he was dealing. The person who now says he will get the picture is a convict recently released from a Belgian prison.

Rev. Henry C. Minton, of San Francisco, who has just been elected president of the Centre College, Danville, Ky., has for many years been regarded as one of the most brilliant and scholarly Presbyterian clergymen on the Pacific coast. He was a candidate for moderator at the Presbyterian general assembly, which met at Winona Park, Ind., in May.

Prince Albert of Belgium will within the next few weeks set forth on a tour around the world. He will follow the route adopted by the present Czar. But before proceeding to China and Japan he will visit Australia, and on leaving Yokohama he will sail for the United States, where he is expected towards the months of August, next year, on his way home.

The Empress Dowager of China sent to Queen Victoria as a jubilee gift a picture painted by her own hand on a roll twelve feet long and five feet broad. It consists of an expanse of rocks and trees, with a stock wearing a red crest, the emblem of longevity.

Blankets, blankets, blankets. Canadian blankets for Canadian gold fields at Weller Bros., 51 to 55 Fort St.

New goods, Keeler's marmalade and fine Canadian cheese. R. H. Jameson, 23-25 Fort street.

## WOOD...

Consult us for your supply of Wood and Coal. Our Wood is thoroughly seasoned and cut from large timber. Delivered in any length.

Spratt & Macanlay.

## Sailing! Sailing!

Our Summer Regatta is now going on, and the beautiful craft

## THE STERLING

is leading all others in the races. There are some gables on the beach that attract the attention of the people. Here they are:

DRESS GOODS (We are simply slaughtering Dress Goods. If you want a New Dress at a little cost here's the place to come.)

GLOVES (Our past reputation in Gloves is well known. But we are now selling at prices that startle the public.)

UNDERWEAR (We have always made this our specialty. But we are now doing more than ever. All lines reduced to bedrock prices.)

We have great pleasure in inviting you to our Summer Regatta. We can promise you a good time and value for your money. This is no old stock racket. Everything we have is new and up-to-date. Come early and get the pick.

## The Sterling, 88 Yates St.

At our Store. We must clear out all Colored Footwear. No reasonable offer refused. Be on time.

## A. B. Erskine,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

## A SACRIFICE SALE OF

## Tan Goods

### FOR LADIES

IS NOW ON

A. B. Erskine,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

At our Store. We must clear out all Colored Footwear. No reasonable offer refused. Be on time.

## You Can't Do Better

If you are in need of a New Suit, an Overcoat, a Pair of Trousers -- or anything in the Merchant Tailoring line -- you can't do better than see us. We carry a large, well-selected stock of the most fashionable fabrics for gentlemen's wear, and our prices are satisfactory to our clients.

## A. Gregg & Son,

Tailors. Yates St.

WHAT TO EAT IN THE

## KLONDYKE

OKELL & MORRIS' PRESERVES in Tins. Klondyke Sauces and Ketchups. Triple Strength Vinegar.

And as a Preventive Against Colds and Coughs, KLONDYKE KOFF KURE, in Tins.

.... FOR ....

## SEAGRAM'S WHISKEY

THE SOLE AGENTS ARE

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ld., Wharf St.

## KLONDIKE MINERS.

Things you need. Cold Bust Bags, Money Belts, Shooth Knives, Heavy Pocket Knives, Scissors, Knives and Forks in single sets; Compasses and Mineral Glasses -- a fine collection, at

FOX'S 78 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## Victoria Building Society.

The Semi-Annual General Meeting of the above society will be held in Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad Street, on Saturday, the 31st July, 1897, at 8 p.m., to receive the Secretary's half-yearly statement and Balance Sheet.

By order. A. ST. G. PLANT.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next session for a transfer of the license issued to Mr. Pughon upon the premises known as the Hall Saloon, situated at Fort Street, in the City of Victoria, to Wm. Pughon.

JAMES D. BOWEN.

GEORGE JAGGER.

Respectfully Estate G. Pughon.







## British Columbia.

## YMR.

Rossland Miner.  
Ymir, July 24.—In my last letter I referred to a very high assay taken from a claim near here. I have since been able to obtain further particulars and find that the assay (\$2,570 per ton) was taken from the Columbia, a property near the Tamarack mine and about two and a half miles from Ymir. I understand that the assay has been verified in Nelson and Rossland with results approximating the above figures in each case. The claim was, I believe, originally owned by some Russians, but a saloonkeeper of Rossland named Stack has an interest in it now. Very high assays were obtained some time previous and negotiations for a bond for a large amount were in progress with an English syndicate. Since these later discoveries, however, the owners will not part with their property except for a much higher figure.

## ROSSLAND.

Rossland Miner.  
J. M. Miller, of Miller & Chestnut, returned last evening from the North Fork of Salmon river. He was only two days in the camp, but in that short interval saw enough to make him very enthusiastic about the future of the district. He reports that Marc Gilliam had made a strike of high-grade pyrrhotite on one of his claims above Creston. The ledge is several feet wide and the paystreak about 15 inches wide. Mr. Miller also reports that Roy & Hurlbert, owners of the Arlington and Canadian King group, on Whiskey creek, a branch of the North Fork about three miles from the railway, have had a mill test of their ore, which showed \$49.90 in gold per ton, and are now erecting a five-stamp mill on the property. They have about 200 tons of ore on the dump and about 2,000 tons of ore blocked out. W. S. Rugh returned yesterday from a visit to the Wagner group, owned by him and other Rossland people, and situated in the Duncan river country. Mr. Rugh was accompanied by some of the other owners and also by W. A. Carlyle, provincial mineralogist. Mr. Carlyle stopped on his way up to examine the Silver Cup mine, near Trout lake, owned by the Horne-Payne syndicate. It is expected he will make a special report to the provincial government on the properties he saw on the trip. Mr. Rugh is greatly pleased with the Wagner group. It was the first time he and his associates had ever seen it, though they have been interested in it for three years. The group consists of six claims, five or six miles long, and a tributary of the Duncan river, which runs in from the west. The Duncan and Larivan are the two claims of the group which have the best showings. A tunnel is being run in on the vein on the Duncan, and a shaft is also being sunk. Enough work has been done, Mr. Rugh says, to show very large bodies of massive galena, running from \$100 to \$240 in lead and silver. As the grade is high and the ore is abundant, the great value of the property can hardly be doubted.

## KAMLOOPE.

## Island Sentinel.

The C. E. R. round house at Revelstoke was burned down Sunday. The building was frame and brick veneered inside.

Work is progressing steadily on the Iron Cap and a night shift will be put on this week. F. P. Carey informs the Sentinel that he intends shipping ore at an early date.

Messrs. John Hill, John Morrill and F. A. Hall, owners of the Copper King mineral claim, situated about 18 miles west of Kamloops and half a mile north-west of W. J. Roper's house, are doing considerable development work on this claim. From a shipment of 400 pounds sent to Victoria they received the following return: \$10 gold, 20 oz. silver and a high percentage of copper.

Yesterday the men employed by the Cole Hill Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Co., on the Iron Mask mine, made an important discovery in the south drift, uncovering four feet of solid high grade ore. As this is the first work done south of the crosscut in the vein it is highly satisfactory proving the continuation of the rich ore chute in this direction. Altogether this phenomenal ore chute is now exposed for a distance of over 100 feet, and neither end shows any signs of weakening, but, on the contrary, all indications favor an increase in width.

Last Friday morning the body of a Chinaman was found at the mouth of the river opposite Kamloops lake, and information was at once given to Coroner Clarke at Kamloops, who proceeded there with Mr. Beattie. Dr. Munro was deputed as medical officer to examine the body. At the inquest the body was identified as that of Ah Wong, who three months ago went from Kamloops to Tranquille and sold rice to the Chinamen there. He started back for Kamloops in a canoe, with \$225 in his pocket and has since been missing. The jury could not arrive at a conclusion as to the cause of death.

## CARIBOO CREEK.

Cariboo City, July 23.—The new wagon road to Mineral City is now completed as far as Goat canyon, and it is expected that it will be finished by the 1st of September. This will facilitate matters so as to allow mines in the vicinity of Mineral City to ship ore, as heretofore they had no means of shipping their ore except by pack animals, which necessitated an expense of \$20 per ton. Up to the present time only one mine has shipped from this district.

The Promoters, on Mineral creek, has now a 100-foot tunnel, and the ledge shows good paying ore, and as soon as the government road is completed it will begin to ship ore. This is the only property which has shipped any ore from this district up to date.

The Millie Mack, on Cariboo creek, owned by a Rossland syndicate, is arranging to build a graded trail from Mineral City to its property, so as to be in better shape to ship, which it expects to be in a position to do so as soon as the government road is completed.

The Duchess and Chieftain, owned by Clark and McGinnis, on Cariboo creek, are being worked by the owners, and

they intend to ramble over this winter. They have one of the largest assays from their property that has ever been known in the Stickeen country—8,000 ounces in silver, \$40 in gold and 15 per cent. copper. Carpenters are now at work building cabins, workshops, etc.

A great deal of excitement was caused here last week over the jumping of the Eureka claim by Swan brothers and Joe Durham. This is one of the best properties on Cariboo creek. It seems that the company's license had not been taken out, and from what can be learned no transfer of the claim had ever been made to the company.

## MARQUIS ITO'S VIEWS.

Believes That the Hawaiian Question Will be Settled Peacefully.

Paris, July 28.—If war should break out between the United States and Japan it will be in spite of Marquis Ito, personally as well as politically.

"In the first place," said Marquis Ito, "I wish you would contradict a statement that I am here charged with an official mission to strongly protest in the name of my government against usurpation fraught with peril."

"Nothing could be further from the truth," the statement is inexact in every particular. Not only have I no official mission in Europe now, but I never even had any, nor was I ever charged with such duties by the Japanese government since I have been in Paris until today.

"I believe firmly that the Hawaiian question will be settled without the peaceful relations between Japan and the United States being disturbed in the least."

"I came to Europe as one of the suite attached to Prince Arisagawa, who represented the emperor at the jubilee ceremonies in England. That commercial being over the prince has returned to Japan and my duties, only nominal at any time, and now entirely at an end. So I am at liberty to avail myself of the permission the emperor accorded me to take a holiday in Europe."

"It has been stated that I have been in Spain to arrange terms for mutual support in the attitude of Spain and Japan against the United States. This is quite untrue."

"When I was prime minister the emperor bestowed an order on the king of Spain. The insignia was never sent, as it was not convenient at the time for any one of sufficiently high rank to leave Japan. But the visit of Prince Arisagawa to Europe gave the emperor an occasion he has been looking for and so, taking advantage of the opportunity the prince went to Spain to present the order to the king and I, as a matter of course, went also."

"But although I met the foreign minister and all other officials the relations of Japan with America were never alluded to and I never broached the subject of Spain's difficulties in Cuba and, similarly, my visit to the Duc de Mandas was only prompted by politeness and was an acknowledgement of the courtesy he bestowed on me at San Sebastian."

"I do not think it possible any opposition manifested in Japan to the annexation of the Sandwich Islands by the United States will take any more extended form than a mere protest made—remember this point—made in order that the interests of Japan in those islands may not suffer injury."

"Japan is simply seeking to protect herself and her subjects and this she has a perfect right to do; this she is in duty bound to do but that she will look after her interests in other than a dignified diplomatic way is absurd."

"The emperor, I know, will not support any bellicose policy. All my friends in the ministry or in control of the different branches of the government are of the same mind as the emperor on this subject, and Japanese public sentiment is one on the strong friendship for the United States."

"Thus the Hawaiian question cannot possibly bring about a conflict, either armed or diplomatic, with the Americans, in spite of the jingoism."

In these days of culture and progress do not wear a grizzly beard or mustache, when they can be colored a natural brown or black at home with Buckingham's Dye.

## LIBRARIANS IN ENGLAND.

The library conference commenced in London about a fortnight ago. Sir John Lubbock is president, and the librarians come from all parts of the civilized world. But the largest body came from the United States, and numbers very nearly three hundred. Among the numerous entertainments for these book men have been a conversation in the Guild hall with the Lord Mayor, a reception at Zion College, a garden party by the Marchioness of Bute, an afternoon tea at the Duke of Westminster's, and a special performance of the "Merchant of Venice" at the Lyceum by Sir Henry Irving and his company.

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In the matter of good health temporary measures, while possibly successful for the moment, can never be lasting. Those in poor health soon know whether the remedy they are using is simply a passing incident in their experience, bracing them up for the day, or something that is getting at the seat of the disease and is surely and permanently restoring.

The eyes of the world are literally fixed on South American Nervine. They are not viewing it as a nine-days' wonder, but critical and experienced men have been studying this medicine for years, with the one result—they have found that its claim of perfect curative qualities cannot be gainsaid.

The great discoverer of this medicine was possessed of the knowledge that the seat of all disease is the nerve centres, situated at the base of the brain. In this belief he had the best scientists and medical men of the world occupying exactly the same premises. Indeed the ordinary layman recognized this principle long ago. Everyone knows that let disease or injury affect this part of the human system and death is almost certain. Injure the spinal cord, which is the medium of these nerve centres, and paralysis is sure to follow. Here is the first principle. The trouble with medical treatment generally, and with nearly all medicines, is that they aim simply to treat the organ that may be diseased. South American Nervine passes by the organs, and immediately applies its curative power to the nerve centres, from which the organs of the body receive their supply of nerve fluid. The nerve centres healed, and of necessity the organs which have shown the outward evidence only of derangement is healed. Indigestion, nervousness, impoverished blood, liver complaint, all owe their origin to a derangement of the nerve centres. Thousands bear testimony that they have been cured of these troubles, even when they have become desperate cases of "Nervine" in the most ancient physicians. Because South American Nervine has gone to headquarters and cured there.

The eyes of the world have not been disappointed in the inquiry into the success of South American Nervine. People marvel. It is true, at its wonderful medical qualities, but they know beyond all question that it does everything that is claimed for it. It stands alone as the one great certain curing remedy of the nineteenth century. Why should anyone suffer distress and sickness while this remedy is practically at their hands?

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## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

### LAWN TENNIS.

**YESTERDAY'S MATCHES.**  
The result of yesterday's matches at the Belcher street grounds are as follows:  
G. C. Johnson beat E. A. Jacobs, 6-3 6-2.  
G. S. Holt, rec. 15, beat W. Speke, rec. 2-0 of 15, 3-0 of 15.  
F. B. Pemberton, rec. 30, beat R. L. Kirk, rec. 3-6 of 15, 6-2 6-3.  
Miss Macrae and B. G. Goward, rec. 1-2 of 15, beat Miss B. Dunsmuir and G. C. Johnson, rec. 15, 6-2 6-2.  
Miss M. Prior and R. D. Harvey, rec. 15, beat Miss Beaven and F. B. Pemberton, rec. 1-2 of 30, 6-2 6-4.  
A. T. Goward, rec. 15, beat R. H. Pooley, rec. 5-6 of 15, 6-2 6-2.  
Entries for the tournament close at 9 o'clock this evening.

### CRICKET.

**PHILADELPHIA VS. KENT.**  
London, July 28.—The cricket match between Philadelphia and Kent was continued to-day. At the close of the play yesterday the visitors had 157 runs for six wickets down. At their first innings to-day they completed the innings with a total of 163 runs. The score of the home team at the first innings was 454 runs.

### THE TURF.

**THE GOODWOOD STAKES.**  
London, July 28.—In the second day of the racing at the Goodwood 107 meeting to-day Mr. W. G. Stevens' chestnut colt Glaucon won the Goodwood stakes; Mr. W. Newman's filly, second; the Prince of Wales' Gentile third.

### "DANGEROUS TO FREEDOM."

Daily Chronicle on the Pretensions of the Monopolists.

London, July 28.—The Daily Chronicle this morning devotes an editorial article to the dismissal of E. Benjamin Andrews from the presidency of Brown university, which action is regarded as the most serious blow the capitalist oligarchy has yet struck at social, economic and intellectual liberty in America.

The Chronicle says: There is no doubt that, like Professor Bemis, who was dismissed from the University of Chicago, President Andrews was dismissed because he warned his countrymen against the growth of great monopolies. It seems certain that a conflict is approaching that will shake the union as it was shaken by the great slavery question. It looks as though the splendid millionaire endowments of American universities had the unworthy motive of the promotion of the interests of monopolists. We anticipate a great wave of opinion against the pretensions of the monopolist class as dangerous to freedom. This movement will lead to the substitution of public for private control and ownership of the big trusts and monopolies, and the substitution of state for private colleges and universities.

### SITUATION AT CHITRAL.

The Government Preparing to Cope With an Emergency.

London, July 28.—A dispatch from Simla says the government is taking all the steps necessary to cope with an emergency in Chitral. Although Fort Chitral, now cut off, occupied an isolated position, it was believed with two companies of the Thirty-first Punjab Infantry and two guns the garrison can hold its own. The road between Mardan and Malakand is blocked with hostile tribesmen, who have cut the telegraph wires. Three squadrons of Bengal Lancers and the Second Punjab Infantry have started for Mardan, the Seventh Mountain Battery is on the way to Malakand, and the West Kent Regiment is held in readiness at Peshawar.

A Simla dispatch says that Capt. Holland of the Twenty-fourth Punjab Infantry was among the seriously wounded during Monday night's attack upon Malakand.

The Queen, it is calculated, has now spent more time in Scotland than many kings and queens who ruled Scotland alone. In fact, Her Majesty's spring and autumn sojourns in the Highlands since 1842 make an aggregate of about eighteen years.

You will not have to pay duty on goods purchased from Weller Bros., Victoria, B. C.

A briefhood was recently given to Mr. H. Guinness, the acting manager of Guinness & Co. His brewery firm has already received two peerages and the ribbon of St. Patrick. Mr. H. Guinness is a cousin of Lord Trenchard and the brother of Lady Trenchard.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Victoria who sailed on the Islander were: H. Hopkins, J. Knight, J. H. McGregor, G. Crawford, G. H. Gilbert, M. McLeod, R. Lawson, T. Hume, H. Norman, J. Knightley, S. Johnson, J. Seabrook, F. Farguharson, A. R. Jule, J. Pope, F. Dorrie, E. Williams, S. Hanton, J. T. Smith, A. W. Ross, J. Vain, C. Tweed, J. H. McLaren, J. Harvey, H. Halbert, D. Sawyer, J. Todd, J. H. McDermott, M. J. Anderson, W. H. Burkholder, J. Bell, W. Cox, R. Hamilton, C. Fisher, J. McNell, W. J. Banks, J. B. Parkes, H. Tyler, H. Hall, W. D. Dutch, L. J. Griffiths, J. W. Vansant, C. B. Phillips, C. Williams, John Stura, M. Erickson, R. Padden, J. Kufe, H. K. Hill, A. McLaren, E. C. Deakin, J. Amerson, M. Harper, A. Van Russell, J. Hagen, H. W. Harten, H. Bean, R. Pickett, T. O'Neil, S. Y. Maurits, W. E. Dulche, J. Demers, E. Demers, F. Demers, R. C. Murray, H. F. Schultz, C. E. Hall, S. Benjamin, C. A. Wright, G. H. Penn, F. M. Hoplich, Lloyd, N. Anamer, J. W. Lansing, R. Lanir, E. Eager, A. Writsaver, F. H. Yirdley, F. W. Small, A. Cox, J. H. Hunt, B. Blunes, W. H. Bergenson, J. D. Suark, A. Payrol, A. D. Cowan, T. Ploy, J. D. Young, J. S. Richards, D. Fowler, C. S. Hamilton, T. Daly, A. Howett, C. Bush, W. Petrie, W. Deyver, H. Shaw, J. C. Byrne, H. F. W. Robinson, M. J. Conlie, H. Petticrew, E. D. McLennan, J. Bullock, Joe Levy, J. Hepburn, Geo. Bassett, John Steele, C. Horne, J. Lismore, J. Moscon, A. J. Mink, J. Speed, M. Strickland and A. Brackman.

## ISLANDER LEAVES

Could Not Take All the Freight Offered Her, So the Tees Accompanied Her.

They Will Call at Nanaimo for the Balance of Their Passengers and Cargo.

Crowds Down at the Wharf to Wish the Prospective Miners Good Luck.

The steamer Islander, with its enormous crowd of treasure seekers, sailed from the wharf at a few minutes before one o'clock this afternoon, and never before in the steamship annals of Victoria has such a vast crowd assembled on the wharves and in their vicinity to bid "God speed" to the departing passengers as that present this morning. The wharves were filled with sight-seers, who occupied every inch of space, and strained their necks to see every little detail of everything that was going on board. So great was the crowd that it extended from the government wharf at the back of the custom house as far up as the E. & N. railway bridge, and on the bridge itself were throngs, who, finding it difficult to get nearer, contented themselves with the view from there. The part of Wharf street overlooking the wharf was also crowded with spectators, who lined the sidewalks and crowded the windows of the merchants, while some who were bound to catch a glimpse of the departing steamer occupied the roofs of the buildings.

The crowds came and went all morning, and if the Islander had been one of the parts of a circus it could not have attracted greater attention. Her interior presented a very picturesque sight, and one long to be remembered by those who saw it. The miners—or as it was in the majority of cases, prospective miners—sat around in little groups on the edges of their bunks and discussed the land of gold. They had few topics saving that all-absorbing question of Clondyke and what they expected to bring back with them. And in the forward part, the only space saving, perhaps, the dining room, where the packs, outfits and baggage was not piled, a small crowd assembled around a table playing poker for the low ante of ten cents. As they played one of them remarked that the ante would be much higher on the return trip. He, it seems, had great faith in his prospects.

As others stood around the decks they made a very motley crowd, and there were many of them who seemed little able to stand the long and arduous journey, but all were full of hope. One tall man, or rather youth, attracted a great deal of attention by staggering around the vessel with a long sheath knife stuck in his belt, and on the other side, to balance, as it were, was a big Colt's revolver. A great number of the miners carried revolvers in their belts; they did not seem to realize that they were going into a law-abiding country, where weapons such as these are tabooed. Their artillery will go, for the most part, should they will carry it as openly as they do now, to the Mounted Police on their arrival at the mines, if not before then.

So great was the crowd of passengers that, although the extra bunks had been placed four tiers deep along the passages and in every other spot that would permit of bunks being placed there, many will be compelled to sleep upon the decks. The most of these look at this state of affairs philosophically, as they say: "We'll have to rough it anyway; we might as well turn right in." Such being the condition of things, it will easily be seen that bunks were much in demand, and early yesterday morning the prospective millionaires had staked their bunks and left their goods in them as the location posts. Soon others came along who had been unable to secure bunks, and they, when they caught one of those who had staked a bunk with his back turned, immediately jumped his claim, as it were. This continued this morning, and several times it looked as if there was going to be trouble, but luckily everything was settled peacefully.

The crowd lingered around all morning and many business men forsook their offices to see the steamer sail. Clerks acquiesced to see the miners start on their journey to the far north. The last wait was rewarded shortly before 1 o'clock, when, after the whistle had spoken warning to all the passengers who were prolonging the farewell act on the wharves to get on board, Captain John Irving's stentorian tones were heard shouting "All Aboard." Then the last goodbyes were said, handkerchiefs performed their office in drying away the tear for the departing brothers, son or sweetheart; and the remaining passengers who were not yet aboard scrambled over the deck of the steamer Tees on to the Islander.

The word to cast off was then given, the moorings were slipped and the steamer backed away from the wharf. Then the pent-up excitement of the crowd burst forth in one long cheer, which was immediately answered from the steamer. Handkerchiefs and towels were waved, hats waving in the air, and each one present vied with each other in shouting. The miners flocked around the railings on all the decks, and some even climbed up the rigging, and from their points of vantage they shouted their farewells. After backing down the harbor the Islander turned and gracefully swung out on her course, the crowd still cheering and waving their salutes as long as the vessel was in sight.

The Victoria who sailed on the Islander were: H. Hopkins, J. Knight, J. H. McGregor, G. Crawford, G. H. Gilbert, M. McLeod, R. Lawson, T. Hume, H. Norman, J. Knightley, S. Johnson, J. Seabrook, F. Farguharson, A. R. Jule, J. Pope, F. Dorrie, E. Williams, S. Hanton, J. T. Smith, A. W. Ross, J. Vain, C. Tweed, J. H. McLaren, J. Harvey, H. Halbert, D. Sawyer, J. Todd, J. H. McDermott, M. J. Anderson, W. H. Burkholder, J. Bell, W. Cox, R. Hamilton, C. Fisher, J. McNell, W. J. Banks, J. B. Parkes, H. Tyler, H. Hall, W. D. Dutch, L. J. Griffiths, J. W. Vansant, C. B. Phillips, C. Williams, John Stura, M. Erickson, R. Padden, J. Kufe, H. K. Hill, A. McLaren, E. C. Deakin, J. Amerson, M. Harper, A. Van Russell, J. Hagen, H. W. Harten, H. Bean, R. Pickett, T. O'Neil, S. Y. Maurits, W. E. Dulche, J. Demers, E. Demers, F. Demers, R. C. Murray, H. F. Schultz, C. E. Hall, S. Benjamin, C. A. Wright, G. H. Penn, F. M. Hoplich, Lloyd, N. Anamer, J. W. Lansing, R. Lanir, E. Eager, A. Writsaver, F. H. Yirdley, F. W. Small, A. Cox, J. H. Hunt, B. Blunes, W. H. Bergenson, J. D. Suark, A. Payrol, A. D. Cowan, T. Ploy, J. D. Young, J. S. Richards, D. Fowler, C. S. Hamilton, T. Daly, A. Howett, C. Bush, W. Petrie, W. Deyver, H. Shaw, J. C. Byrne, H. F. W. Robinson, M. J. Conlie, H. Petticrew, E. D. McLennan, J. Bullock, Joe Levy, J. Hepburn, Geo. Bassett, John Steele, C. Horne, J. Lismore, J. Moscon, A. J. Mink, J. Speed, M. Strickland and A. Brackman.

John Godson, Fred Davey, T. R. McInnes, F. Hinds and W. H. Hall are the Canadian customs officers going up to collect the duty on the foreign goods going into the Canadian territory. Fred Davey, W. J. Rant, S. H. Jackson and Daniel Green are the police officers who will assist them in their work. The police will be in charge of Mr. Fred Bevan, who has been for some time past an officer on the provincial police stationed in this city.

The Islander, being unable to carry all the freight, the C. P. N. Company placed the steamer Tees on the route to take up the overflow. She is also loaded down with freight, but will take but few passengers from here, scarcely any notice of her sailing having been given. A large crowd are, however, awaiting her at Nanaimo. The Tees left about an hour after the Islander, and both steamers will get to Dyea about the same time. Thus no detention will be incurred by the passengers on the Islander by their passengers being on the Tees.

Already the list for the Danube—which sails on Sunday next—is filling up, and a great amount of space has been booked for horses and freight. She, if the present demand for tickets is any criterion, will also be laden very heavily.

Here are the sailing dates of the vessels announced to leave for Dyea:  
Danube ..... Aug. 1  
Alki ..... Aug. 2  
Whamette ..... Aug. 3  
Queen ..... Aug. 7  
Coquitlan ..... Aug. 8  
Mexico ..... Aug. 9  
Bristol ..... Aug. 10  
Islander ..... Aug. 15  
The Danube, Bristol and Islander all sail from Victoria, while all the others sail here on the way up.

### CLIMATE OF THE COUNTRY.

A representative of the Toronto Globe called at the observatory for the purpose of obtaining any information which might be available regarding the climate of the Yukon within the bounds of the district where the present excitement exists. Mr. Stupart, the director of the department, had just prepared a review of the conditions obtaining there, as based on the official reports received from the station at Fort Constantine, which is within the gold district. The report will be published in the monthly weather review for June, issued by the Meteorological department. The report of the Yukon weather which the representative of the Globe was allowed to see was as follows:

The contingent of the Northwest Mounted Police which left for the Yukon in 1895 was supplied by the meteorological service with accurate thermometers, and during the following winter observations were made by Staff-Sergeant Hayne, who each day read and set the self-registering instruments at 9 a. m. Apparently the temperature first touched zero on November 10th, and the last zero recorded in the spring was on April 29th. Between December 10 and February 6 the thermometer never rose above zero. The lowest actual reading, 65, occurred on January 27, and on twenty-four days during the winter the temperature was below 50 degrees. On March 12 it first rose above the freezing point, but no continuous mild weather occurred until May 4, after which date the temperature during the balance of the month frequently rose above 60 degrees.

The Yukon river froze up on October 28 and broke up on May 17. Forty mile river broke up on May 17. Few reliable observations have hitherto been taken in this interesting region, but some years ago observations taken at Fort Yukon showed an average January temperature of 27 degrees below zero; February, 26; March, 11; April, 13; May, 41 above zero; June, 53.5; July, 96; August, 39; September, 39; October, 22; November, 11; December, 18. These figures indicate an intensely cold winter, followed by a short spring opening in May, and then a decidedly warm summer from June until the beginning of September, when a short-lived autumn soon changes to winter again. We have not at present any reliable data relative to the snowfall and rainfall of this country.

### FEVER NOTES.

James Meldrum goes north as second engineer of the Islander.

Ship carpenters are being engaged here to build steamers for service on Teslin lake.

The City of Tepeka, crowded with men from all parts of the States, arrived at the outer wharf shortly before 4 o'clock, on her way north.



## After.... Taking

a course of Ayer's Pills the system is set in good working order and a man begins to feel that life is worth living. He who has become the gradual prey of constipation, does not realize the friction under which he labors, until the burden is lifted from him. Then his mountains sink into mole-hills, his moroseness gives place to jollity, he is a happy man again. If life does not seem worth living to you, you may take a very different view of it after taking

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

company. After the wagon road is built the company intend running freight and passenger trains from Dyea to the lakes. Mr. Alexander Watson is preparing plans for the river boat to be built at St. Michaels by the C.P.N. Company for service on the Yukon river next spring.

### PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Charnier from Vancouver—J. H. Esolving, J. Hunter, Mrs. C. F. Gardner, Miss Walters, Mrs. J. G. Ure, Mrs. Ashew, H. G. Dalby, Rev. W. E. Copeland, T. N. Henderson, M. B. Haddock, W. Cox, J. A. Thompson, G. C. Shaw, J. T. Morgan, F. J. Wheeler, G. B. Hastings, H. M. Hubbard, F. Schofield, Cecil Smith, Miss Farrell, Wm. Farrell, L. McLean, Mrs. Miller, Miss Miller, W. G. Dickinson, Rev. De Vries, Mrs. A. Johnson, Miss Pauline, H. H. Stratton, Miss Stratton, J. Stevenson, Miss Buxton, Mrs. Buxton, W. Carley, Mrs. Abrahams, W. Rooster, A. P. Freeman, G. W. Brunker, T. S. Lough, F. T. Brown, S. Brown, W. H. Brooks, A. Olson, Miss Campbell, J. Johns, and wife, E. W. Newkirk.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—Miss Nolan, Miss Haver, Mrs. Eaton, Miss Danahue, Miss Greig, Miss Dickens, Miss Berg, Miss Tomlinson, Miss Blythe, Miss Black, Mrs. Cusack, Mrs. Barry, Miss Morris, Mrs. Pringle, Mrs. Howe, Mrs. Elliott, Miss Cox, Miss Starr, Miss Barrett, B. Vincent, W. H. Potell and wife, B. Godsell, C. P. Converse, O. M. Thomas and wife, P. McMillan, Miss Stacy, P. C. Hottel and wife, N. D. Vincent, Miss Davenport, Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Dunn, H. Emerson and wife, Miss Fletcher, J. Nugue, Miss Meredith, Miss Bloom, Miss Wise, P. O. Cross, W. Woods and wife, Rev. Temple, G. F. Lowrey and wife, Miss Sheldon, Miss Campbell, J. Morley, G. A. Flinn, C. L. Cushing, Miss Russell, Miss Davis, Miss Oakley, Mrs. Kelly, I. R. Woods, T. W. Adams, W. B. Goodwin, F. J. Murray, J. H. Rickaby, Mrs. Munish, and sister, Miss Byrne, E. Loomis and wife, F. White, W. Allison, C. B. Leach, F. Alsworth, R. S. Vernon, W. Walsh.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charnier from Vancouver—P. M. Battanbury, Chalmers & M. T. N. Hiben & Co., E. A. Morris, Turner Beeton & Co., Hnd Bay Co., J. Piercey, Parless Mfg. Co., notify McMillan & A. D. J. Giffin B. C. Pottery, E. & N. Ry, R. Ward & Co., Prov. Pub. Co., William Bros., McClary Mfg. Co., Okel & M. R. Williams, E. G. Prior & Co., Braden Bros., Greenwood Smith & R. Langley & H. City Plumbing Co., J. W. Jones, B. C. Electric Co., J. H. Brown, Simon Leiser, Viet Lumber Co., Chemists, Don B. Co. Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—N. W. Furniture Co., Watson & Bull, B. O. Market Co., D. R. Pottinger, J. Jackson, R. Carter & Son, W. Victoria, W. M. McGregor, Fletcher Bros., Order Armour & Co., B. C. Elec. Ry.

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### DIED.

SPENCE—At North Salt Spring, B. C., of cancer, on July 24th, Wm. Spence, a native of Stromness, Orkney Islands, Scotland, aged 67 years.

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The Semi-Annual General Meeting of the above Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th August, 1897, at 8 p.m.

Business—To receive the half yearly statements of the Secretary and Treasurer, to report of the Auditors, the conducting of the 10th Drawing for an Appropriation, and the transaction of such other business as may particularly come before the meeting.

See that your shares are not in arrears. By order, H. WILLIAMS, Secretary.